جوردان تابعز يومية سياسية تصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية «الراي»

Mellor: Iran embargo in sight

BAHRAIN (R) — The Soviet Union appears ready to agree to a U.N. arms embargo against Iran and a Security Council resolution could be in place within three weeks, a British minister said Sunday. David Mellor, minister of state for foreign affairs, said Britain would be prepared to consider a demand from Moscow that an embargo come into inree after a consider a demand from Moscow that an embargo come into ince after a 30- tn 60-day waiting period to allow for further negotiations to end the Iran-Iraq war (See page 2). "If that is the price that the Soviet Union wishes in extract to agree to the resolution, then I guess we shall have to agree it is a price worth paying." Mellnt told reporters. The British minister, touring the Middle East to discuss the Gulf war and efforts to solve the Palestinian crisis, also condemned what he called Israeli brutality in occupied territories. He said television pictures of Israeli soldiers breaking the arms of Palestinian youths, widely shown in Western Europe and the United States, had been particularly shocking. Mellor is due in Amman Monday on a two-day official visit.

Volume 13 Number 3718

AMMAN MONDAY FEBRUARY 29, 1988, RAJAB 11, 1408

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Crown Prince underlines Jordan's

Regent congratulates new Cypriot president

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Sunday sent a cable to Cypriot President George Vassilion congratulating him on his election as president. Prince Hassan praised relations between both countries and expressed hope that ties would be further developed. Prince Hassan wished the Country president continued the Cypriot president continued good health and the Cypriot people further progress and prosperity.

Saudi leader holds talks with Hmoud

RIYADH (Petra) — Sandi Crown Prince Abdullah Ihn Abdul Aziz received in Riyadh Sunday Jordanian Minister of Agriculture Marwan Hmoud and reviewed with him bilateral rela-tions in the field of agriculture. Hmoud earlier held similar talks with his Saudi counterpart Abdul Rahman lhn Abdul Aziz Al Sheikh. Hmoud arrived in Riyadh Saturday to discuss exchange of agricultural products hetween Jordan and Saudi

French minister begins visit

AMMAN (Petra) — French Minister of Telecommunications Gerard Longuet arrived Sunday in Amman at the head of a delegation on a working visit. Longuet will spend two days of talks with Minister of Transport and Telecommunications Khaled Al Haj Hassan and other officials.

Demonstration at

BRUSSELS (AP) — Two hundred people demonstrated Sunday outside the Israeli embassy to protest "the barbarian in the sion" of the Israel army in the occupied Arab territories. The protesters disbanded peacefully after chanting slogans against Israel and in favour of Palestinian

embassy in Brussels

Two hanged in Tehran

NICOSIA (R) — Two men were hanged Sunday in a north Tehran square where they had planted a bomh, Iran's national news agen-cy IRNA reported. IRNA gave no further details but several people were killed and dozens injured when a carbomh exploded in front of a hospital on Tairish Square in December 1985. The hangings brought to 14 the num-ber of francians executed since last

Ozal in Iran

NICOSIA (R) — Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal arrived in Tehran Sunday for three days of talks on the Iran-Iraq war and economic cooperation, Iran's national news agency IRNA reported, IRNA said Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Mousavi wel-comed Ozal after he flew into Tehran's international airport with a 35-member delegation. Ozal, who is due to visit Iraq in April, told the agency earlier that Turkey would remain neutral in the war between its two neigh-

INSIDE

- Sudan hints of links between rebels and relief agencies, page 2
- Senate approves press law amendment, page 3 Mixing oil with water,
- Israel and South Africa - only the colour is
- different, page 5
 Tomba and Witt emerge as Caigary queens, page
- GATT predicts 4% increase in world trade.
- Care returns to Arme-

Settlers, soldiers storm Arab village,

kill 3 Palestinians

ABUD, occupied West Bank (Agencies) -Jewish settlers and army soldiers clashed with Palestinians in this West Bank village and three Arabs were shot to death, the army said Sunday.

day night were sketchy. Soldiers twice turned away an AP reporter who tried to enter the village 30 kilometres northwest of Jeruselen to cuestion with acceptance. salem to question witnesses.

The army confirmed armed settlers were in Abud, and Arab reports said the victims died from civilians' bullets.

Another incident involving settlers was reported about the same time in Ein Arik, near Ramallah, but there were no deaths or in-

According to two Abud residents who did not see the clash but said they learned of it from neighbours, about 15 military and civilian vehicles entered Ahnd about 9:30 p.m. They were pre-ceded hy a bulldozer which knocked down a rock harrier across the road.

The two witnesses, who de-

Details of the incident Satur-lay night were sketchy. Soldiers and they were told soldiers and civilians were doing a lot of shooting in the village of 3,000. One victim was shot in his house,

and the other outside, they said,

end until about 2 a.m. Officials in the Ramallab hospital said the two victims died about midnight. They were iden-tified as Raed Mahmoud Awad Barghouti, 17, shot in the head, and his cousin Ahmad Ibrahim Mustafa Barghouti, 22, shot in the stomach. Another victim, 17year-old Majed Al Atrash from Halhoul, died at Jerusalem's Mokassad hospital.

An Arab source, who spoke with a relative of one victim, said villagers also blamed the settlers. At Ein Arik, villagers said six carloads of settlers entered the

village Saturday night, smashed the windows in a van and several houses, stoned homes and fired guns into the air. One villager showed about 20 empty cartridge

casings found on the roadway. Israeli soldiers shot and wounded an Arab teenager when they opened fire to disperse a big demonstration in the village of Taibeh outside Ramallah.

A large crowd of demonstra-tors hurned tyres, stoned troops and barricaded the main Hebron-Beersheba road in the village of

numerous other areas, including Khan Yunis and the Shati refugee camp in the Gaza Strip, the Ramallah area, Yatta, near Hebron and around Nablus.

(Continued on page 5)

2 killed in Israeli attack on Palestinian boat; 3 escape

heading for an attack on Israel were killed and three swam to safety when an Israeli gunboat sank their dingby off the Lebanese eoast, pólice said Sunday.

The vessel was spotted by an Israeli naval patrol off this southern town Saturday night, police

"There was a clash. Two of the guerrillas were killed while three swam to the shore," said one

source quoted by Reuters. The commando squad helonged to the Popular Front for

the Liheration of Palestine-General Command, PFLP-GC, police said. The PFLP-GC had claimed responsibility for an attack on an army base in northern Israel by a commando who flew a motorised

hang-glider across the border from southeast Lebanon Dec. 26. Six Israeli soldiers were killed and eight wounded by hand grenades and gunfire before the commando was shot and killed. In Tel Aviv, an army spokes-

man said Sunday a navy patrol off the Tyre coast sank a boat which was on its way to attack Israel. but did not say if it carried Palestinians or how many casual-

Several Palestinian groups raiders.

TYRE, Lebanon (Agencies) - have vowed to step up attacks Two Palestinian commandos against Israel to support the uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

A Tyre security source told Reuters at least four Israeli patrol boats were cruising waters off the port town Sunday after they

opened heavy machinegun fire along the coast overnight. "They feared there might be another guerrilla boat so they strafed the coastal strip with heavy machinegun fire," he said.

Katyusha attacks

On Saturday, an Israeli spokes-man said fonr Soviet-made Katyusha missiles exploded in Galilee Friday night without

causing any damage.

The Katyushas were probably fired from southern Lebanon, the Israeli news agency Itim re-

It was the second time in 24 hours rockets were fired at Israel, the agency said.

In another incident, the Israelibacked South Lebanon Army (SLA) militia said it killed three guerrillas after they staged a

dawn attack Sunday.
The SLA-run Voice of Hope radio said militiamen at Beit Yahoun position on the edge of Israel's self-declared Sonth Lebanon "security zone" killed the

towns.

(R) — Anti-apartheid church leaders vowed Sunday to step up their opposition to the South African government after a crackdown on black dissent, even

ner Archbishop Desmond Tutu and coloured (mixed-race) church must take a greater role following the virtual banning of

"Let us no longer pussyfoot around this issue. This is an illegitimate government that deserves no authority and does not have it... that deserves no obedience and must not get it. The church must show another way," Boesak told a service in Cape Town's Bonteheuwel township

called to protest the curbs.

BONTEHEUWEL, South Africa call for civil disobedience against

the name of God," he said.

"For myself, I will defy these gregation of about 300 people.

tricameral parliament and be in the company of (President) P.W. Botha," he said.

Mandela, leader of the African National Congress, was jailed for life in 1964 for plotting to overthrow white rule.

Dahariya, witnesses said. adding that the incident did not Protests were also reported in

A military spokesman said the army has arrested a soldier on suspicion of killing a Palestinian protester a month ago. The daily Yediot Ahronot, quoted witnes-ses, said the soldier caught a stonethrower in the Gaza Strip, stuck a rifle in his stomach, and

Fears of 'war of cities raised in Gulf

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Iran and Iraq accused each other Sun-day of hitting civilian targets in their 71/2-year-old war and both said they would attack towns and

cities in reprisal. Diplomats in the region said they feared a full-scale resumption of the "war of the cities" in which thousands of civilians were killed earlier in the war when Iran and Iraq launched air, artillery

and missile strikes on cities. Tehran Radio said Iranian jets bombed a petrochemical plant and other targets near the southern Iraqi city of Basra Sunday in retaliation for Iraqi air raids

which killed 26 Iranians. In Baghdad, a military com-munique said Iraqi missiles, aircraft and artillery would bombard all Iranian towns and cities ontil further notice in retaliation for Iranian attacks on its border

The diplomats noted that the tone of the threats and countercharges was reminiscent of the war of the cities, which ended by mutual but unofficial agreement

early last year.

Iran threatened reprisal attacks
on Baghdad and Basra for an
Iraqi air raid which it said killed 25 civilians and injured many others in the western Kurdish town of Saqqez Saturday. Bagh-dad denied its jets attacked Sa-

Iran also said one person was killed and several injured in an Iraqi raid on a non-military area near Tehran. Iraq said its jets set ablaze a major oil refinery in the raid as part of its policy to destroy Iran's economic installations.

Tehran residents reported black smoke rising from the direction of Rey refinery, south of the Iraman capital, for at least two hours after the Iraqi attack. The Rey complex, with an out-put capacity of 220,000 barrels a

ating refinery and has been bombed several times since the war broke ont in September 1980. The Iraqi communique said Sunday's decision to attack Iraman cities followed 24 hours of intensive Iranian shelling of Iraqi | non's Shi'ite Mushm sect.

Soviet Union. The Regent, speaking at a meeting with a visiting Soviet delegation led by Religions Affairs Council Chairman Constantine Kharachev, said Jordan believes in "middle-ground poli-cy" and "pluralism, which helps to enrich the cultural movement" and therefore the Amman-based ATF was calling on Soviet scientists and scholars to take part in

its meetings.
The Crown Prince said the December meeting in Moscow between His Majesty King Hus-sein and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev was in harmony with

this course of policy.

The ATF takes interest in



in a meeting attended by Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat (second

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Sunday confers with a Soviet delegation headed by Constantine Kharachev (third from left)

studying Islamic culture and in highlighting various cultures, the scripts and their translation and Regent noted.

The Crown Prince referred to publication, and said the ATF would welcome any activity in

this respect.

Kharachev paid tribute to King (Continued on page 5)

Shultz speaks of 'promising package'

CAIRO (Agencies) — U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz held three hours of talks on Middle East peace ideas with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Sunday and said: "We both feel that we have a package that is

promising."
His remarks to reporters indicated he felt he had made headway in Cairo with proposals that appeared to have run into problems earlier in Israel, Jordan and

Syria.
Shultz and Maharak met with aides present for three hours before the secretary of state flew back to Israel to continue his peace mission.

"As onr ideas develop, I think I can say we both feel that we have a package that is promis-ing," Shultz said after the talks at Egypt's presidential palace in suburban Heliopolis.

"At least, we (the United States) think that it is promising. But whether anybody else will think it is promising is a question. But we (the United States and Egypt) will be working together to make that so," he said.

Mubarak did not speak to reporters after the talks. Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid stood hy Shultz's side as he spoke but did not respond. Shultz did not specify details of

"That means that we have to consider all the countries involved, we have to consider security issues, we have to consider the Palestinian people, their aspirations, their legitimate rights, and we have discussed all hese matters in some detail," he

-His mission was spurred by 11 weeks of clashes between Palestinians and Israeli troops in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza in which at least 77 Palestinians have been killed.

Shultz was due to fly from Israel, hase for his peace shuttle. to Jordan Monday for more talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. U.S. officials said he would not

be going to Saudi Arahia on his present mission, hut Assistant Secretary of State Richard Murphy was likely to go to Riyadh and Damascus in a few days. The officials also discounted

speculation that Shultz might hold talks with Palestinian representatives as part of bis sbnttle. Shultz ran up earlier against solid insistence from Arah officials that an international conference, grouping the big powers. Arah states, Israelis and Palestinians, was the only appropriate

Israel's ruling coalition is deeply split on the conference prop-

Early Sunday, Shultz held separate talks with Israeli Prime

Minister Yitzhak Shamir, flatly opposed to a conference, and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, who favours the idea as an umhrella for peace talks. Shultz said Muharak urged

Reagan in Washington last month to send him on his current mission "and we have taken his

Washington has not published and Arah leaders for commit-details of its ideas, which centre ments to a formal peace plan but on Palestinian "self-rule" in the occupied territories to pave the

But Jordan, Egypt and other Arab states have told the United States to forget revival of Palesti-

way for Arab-Israeli negotia-

nian "autonomy" proposals in the Camp David accords. The director-general of Shamir's office, Yossi Ben-Aharon, said Shultz was not pressing Israeli

Pravda: START can be ready in time for summit

MOSCOW (R) — Pravda said ready for signature to that Sunday that a superpower treaty meeting." reducing strategic nuclear mis-siles could be ready for signing at a spring summit and wondered why doubts had been expressed

on the American side. The Communist Party newspaper said the Soviet Foreign Ministry bad been surprised by President Ronald Reagan's remark that he doubted the strategic arms reduction treaty (START) would be ready for

signing at the Moscow summit.
Soviet officials say the meeting will take place late in May.
In an interview published in the Washington Post Friday, Reagan said: "I have to tell you that common sense indicates that the

time is too limited for us to really

Pravda countered: "If there is good will to complete the work in Geneva by the forthcoming summit meeting, it is quite possible.
"Soviet and U.S. negotiators are
working on the START treaty at arms reduction talks in Geneva.

Pravda added, however, that Moscow linked the signing of a strategic arms treaty with a simultaneous agreement to continue observing the 1972 Anti-Ballistic Missile system (ABM) treaty limiting missile defences.

The Kremlin says the ABM treaty, strictly interpreted, forbids development of a spacebased missile defence system such as the Reagan administration's think that we could hring a treaty "Star Wars" project.

Vassiliou sworn in, proposes talks with Turkish premier

NICOSIA (R) — New Cypriot President George Vassilion was to talks on reunification of the footing as presidents of their redivided island.

"I consider it necessary to bave as soon as possible, a personal meeting with... Mr. Ozal at a place and date of his choice," Vassiliou told parliament after the swearing-in ceremony.

Vassilinu, a millionaire economist, was elected last Sunday by the island's Greek-Cypriot voters after a hotly debated campaign that centred on reunifying the island, divided since 1974 when Turkish troops occupied

the northern sector. The new president told journalists talks with Ozal should include such issues as the withdrawal of Turkish troops and

settlers from northern Cyprus. The Turkish occupation followed a short-lived coup engineered by the military junta then ruling Greece. Turkish-Cyp-riot leader Rauf Denktash declared an independent republic in 1983, a move recognised only by

Earlier this week Vassiliou said he would not meet Denktash as sworn in Sunday and invited Tur-kish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal er insisted they meet on an equal er insisted they meet on an equal spective states. Denktash was quoted in the

Turkish-Cypniot media as saying political equality should be the basis for a proposed federal solu-tion to the problem of the divided

Vassiliou charged in his inan-gural address that Turkish troops Cyprus were being reinforced and equipped with modern arms. He said defence would be a top priority for his government.

He blamed Turkey for a deadlock in U.N. efforts to reunite the island but said he would actively seek rapprochement with Turkish Cypriots.

We hope to have Turkish-Cypriot members of parliament with us again soon... to build a better, peaceful future," he said. Vassiliou named a new cabinet.

retaining only Foreign Minister George Iacovou from the previous government, and promised to root out inefficiency during his five-year term.

Clergymen vow to step up anti-apartheid activities

if it meant being sent to prison. Black Nobel Peace Prize winchurchman Allan Boesak said the 17 anti-apartheid groups last

Boesak, president of the World Alliance of Reformed Churches, hinted that the churches would

the government.
"The purpose of my address is purely one: when we call upon our people from the church to engage in acts of civil disobedience... that our people will be obedient not to our voice but to the voice of God and that we shall rise up to do what is necessary in

laws and I will call upon our people to defy them also, Boesak told the multiracial con-

"If I have to go to jail for this step so be it... I would rather go to jail and be in the company of Nelson Mandela than sit in the

day, is Iran's second largest oper-

civilian areas.

the package but said the aim of the U.S.-Egyptian talks was a comprehensive peace in the Mid-Assad said to have hinted at Syrian help to free Higgins

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Syrian President Hafez Al Assad has hinted to U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz that Syria may be ahle to help free kidnapped Lieutenant-Colonel William Higgins, a U.S. official said Sunday.

The official, who spoke to the

AP on condition of anonymity, said Assad told Shultz during his visit to Damascus Saturday that be had "some ideas" about Hig-

gins' case. The official said Shultz and Assad talked about situation in Lehanon but declined to elaborate. "We can't get into it," he said when pressed for details, Higgins, 43, headed a U.N.

observer team attached to the U.N. peacekeeping force in South Lebanon. He was kidnapped Feh. I7 while returning to U.N. headquarters in Naqoura from the port city of Tyre. A pro-Iranian faction calling itself the "Organisation of the Oppressed on Earth" claimed re-

'Abduction imperils Shi'ites' A senior Lebanese militia official said Sunday the abduction of Higgins had imperilled Leba-

sponsibility.

has brought the sect's two giants close to a head-on collision," said Abdul Majid Saleh, chief political officer of Justice Minister Nahih Berri's mainstream Shi'ite Amal militia in South Lebanon. The Syrian-allied Amal has

nian-backed Hizbollah since Higgins was kidnapped. Amai has viewed the abduction as a challenge to its dominance in the Tyre region and has vowed to leave no stone unturned in South Lehanon to rescue Higgins.

been at loggerheads with the Ira-

Most of the other 24 other foreigners held hostage in Leha-non since March 1985 had been kidnapped in west Beirut. Their abduction caused no inter-Shi'ite

"I think Higgins' is more of a peril to the Shi'ite community than to the United States," Saleh told reporters in Tyre. "It has been threatening to kindle an inter-communal strife." Saleh said an unidentified third

The "Organisation of the Oppressed on Earth," is an underground Shi ite faction be-"This is the first abduction that lieved linked to Hizbollah.

party was currently engaged in a mediation effort to ensure Higgins' release and head off an Amal-Hizbollah clash.

Khartoum hints of links between rebels and relief agencies

KHARTOUM (Agencies) — Sudan's army, embarrassed by publicity over its seizure of Britishdonated relief trucks, said Sunday that aid agencies were giving food to anti-government rebels operating in the famine-stricken south.

An armed forces spokesman told the official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) that troops who overran a rebel camp in the Equatoria region Thursday found 600 bags of sorghum of the type distributed by some relief agen-

Asked hy Reuters whether the statement suggested that the agencies were giving the rebels food, the spokesman said: "That is what it means. We know that it

is happening.

He did not name the agencies nor say what action the government might take.

Khartoum newspapers have frequently suggested that foreign relief agencies in the south had secret links with the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA). But Sunday's statement was the first of its kind by the armed

The daily Al Raya said the statement confirmed suspicions of direct links between some agencies and the SPLA, which has been fighting in the south since 1983 to overthrow the Khar-

toum government.
Al Raya, organ of the militant opposition National Islamic Front party, said security authorities were stepping up efforts to expose these links, but it gave no

Earlier this month, the Sudanese army commandeered 15 British-supplied trucks used by a consortium of eight relief agen-

cies operating in the south.

denying the widely-published incident ever occurred but later said misinterpreted orders from Khartoum to local commanders were to hlame.

Diplomatic and relief sources told Reuters 14 of the 15 trucks had been returned but some were in poor condition.

They believed the army seized the trucks to transport troops and supplies as part of a campaign to recapture the Equatoria town of Kapoeta, in rebel hands since

Earlier this month the government upheld an expulsion order

on four foreign relief agencies operating in the mainly animist and Christian south.

All four have Christian links and were accused of infringing national security. Unconfirmed press reports also said they were involved in illegal missionary activities.

Ethiopian pilot 'defects'

An Ethiopian airlines pilot trainee landed a Cessna aircraft at Khartoum airport and asked for asylum in Sudan, an official source said Sunday.

The source said Gabre Getahon, 22, was handed over to Sudanese security authorities and the plane, which helonged to Ethiopian Airlines, was cordoned off under guard at the airport.

Other informants said Gefahon decided to defect to Sudan Satur-Sudan initially reacted to Londay, while on a training flight in don's strongly-worded protests by

Black boxes from crashed Boeing found in Cyprus

NICOSIA (R) — Both black box recovered from the crash site, flight recorders from a Boeing just below a 950-metre peak 25 727 which crashed in north Cyprus, killing all 15 people aboard, were recovered, Sunday, Turkish

kish-hased airline, crashed in mist-shrouded mountains Saturday.

The plane, operated by Istanhul's Talya airlines, came down minutes before it was due to land at Ercan, main airport of the breakaway Turkish republic of north Cyprus.

Seven Yugoslavs, six Turks and two Britons died in the crash, the first in north Cyprus since Turkish Cypriots unilaterally proclaimed their own state in 1974. At least eight bodies have been kilometres north of Nicosia.

Nazif Borman, the northern state's works, transport and tour-ism minister, told Reuters Satur-Cypriot police sources said.

They said experts are analysing the recorders to find out why the recorders to find out why the

In Istanbul, Talya board member Esref Alacayir told a news conference his firm did not believe bad weather was the cause. He did not elaborate.

A DC-10 chartered by Talya arrived at Ercan Sunday to take ahout 140 Finnish tourists, scheduled to have flown on the Boeing 727, back to Helsinki.

Airport officials said the DC-10. operated by the Istanbulbased company Bogazici, would return from Helsinki with more Finnish tourists.



Palestinians armed with stingshots fire marbles at Israeli soldiers in the occupied West Bank

Protests in Halhoul end in blood and bullets outside Hebron hospital

HEBRON, occupied West Bank (R)—It started with gunfire in a Casualties poured into Hebclash between Israeli soldiers and Palestinian demonstrators in a nearhy village.

It ended with the army cornering stone-throwing protesters outside a hilltop hospital whose doctors frantically tried to revive a clinically-dead protester. Such scenes Saturday in the occupied West Bank have be-

come almost commonplace since the Palestinian uprising in the territories erupted Dec. 9. At least 77 Palestinians have

been killed in the uprising — two The army has begun to seal off

trouble spots from journalists, declaring them closed military zones and leavin reporters to glean much of their information from hospitals.

Saturday's incident began in and r the town of Halhoul, six body. kilometres from Hebron, with Out soldiers advancing at ahout one p.m. on scores of Palestinians throwing rocks and defiantly waving a Palestinian flag.

The protesters retreated into the town, pursued hy gunfire between buildings and across open areas studded with olive trees. An army helicopter circles overhead and hastily-erected ron's Alia Hospital.

Young men, expecting an army onslaught, gathered outside the two-storey huilding, scarves wrapped around their heads. Ten medics crowded around

22-year-old haker Abdullah Al Bao, a casualty of the Halhoul fighting, some yelling for suction, others pounding his chest to restart his heart. Women cried in the

hallway outside.
"He arrived, dead. They're trying to resuscitate him," said a doctor above the din. "For me, I

am hoping."
At 2.13 p.m. Bao was pronounced dead and the army ar-

People screamed (army). Doctors tried to comfort the dead man's shricking mother and relatives carried away the

Outside, the young Palestinians were pushing two large communal refuse bins down the hill at a jeep, A barrage of rocks followed and gunfire craekled

As more wounded were making their way into the emergency room, three rocks flew over the beds. A crowd of angry Palesti-nians hurst in and made straight

for a terrified man with blood pouring from his head. Staff tried to stop the alterca-

tion, hut the group led the hieeding man from the ward. "He's a collaborator (with the army)," said one doctor. For more than two hours gun-

fire outside alternated with the duller sound of tear-gas launchers as the Israeli soldiers pushed their way up the hill More protesters came in, hit in

the skirmishes — a man with a bloody finger stump, another: with a bullet in the arm among The troops flushed Palestinians

out from behind the hospital.

Two casualties aged 15 and 20 were brought in with groin and chest wounds, the latter in army jeep. It was nearly 4.30 p.m. when

six men were captured outside the hospital and taken away, shirts and sweaters wrapped over their heads. Women ran out of the building

away, hut soldiers pushed them back and slammed the front door. Less than 10 minutes later, it was quiet and many of the soldiers were on their way back down the hill. The hospital itself was not hit by gunfire.

to try and prevent them being led

Israel detains American teachers overnight

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Israeli forces arrested two occupied West Bank after finding them with "inciteful mate-rials" but released both after a night in jail, the army said

John Benvenuto, 42, of Boston, and Alison Glick, 25, of Cincinnati, were arrested Saturday in Ramallah where they teach at Qnaker-run chools for Palestinians.

"Inciteful materials were found in their possession. In the past few days, they were observed in suspicious circumstances in a number of places where violent disturbances took place," an army officer told reporters.

David Good, a diplomat at the U.S. consulate in Arab Jerosalem responsible for the West Bank, met the two at Ramallah police station at midday Sunday and later said that both were released without charge on his arrival.

"They spent the night in jail and were lectured by the police, that's all," Good said.

The incident was the latest clash with Israeli occupation troops involving members of the dozen or so American nationals who teach at the Friends Schools in Ramallah.

Nancy Awad, another American teacher at the school and wife of Palestinan-American political activist Mnharak Awad, said Benvennto and Glick were carrying lists of Palestinanis recently killed by troops and paper and pens when arrested. The troops apparently believed these materials were to be used for making political posters, she said:

Earlier this month, one teacher from the Ramallah group suffered bruises when hit by rubber bullets fired hy soldiers as she and colleagues tried to prevent the arrest of a Palestinian boy during a demonstration.

The teachers say their presence during demonstrations causes Israeli soldiers, who are tality, to restrain themselves in action.

U.S. diplomats privately say they have warned the Ramallah group not to involve themselves in street clashes because they were likely to be hurt or face legal proceedings.

An American professor at nearby Birzeit University was fined by an Israeli military court last year on charges of direct involvement in a Ramal-lah demonstration.

U.S. may meet Soviet call for new talks on Gulf war

WASHINGTON (AP) — The United States would consider meeting a Soviet request for another round of diplomacy to Shultz also has said that enforcement may not be too stated. halt the Iran-Iraq war if Moscow gives final approval to a United Nations-sponsored arms embargo against Iran, a State Department official says.

The official, speaking on condi-

tion of anonymity, said over the weekend that U.S. representatives to the U.N. Security Council signalled their willingness last week to discuss a delay in implementing an embargo 30 to 60 days after it is enacted.

The United States has been pushing the Soviets to agree to a U.N. embargo resolution, but Soviet delegates have been reluc-Soviet delegates have been refuc-tant to implement one without another diplomatic attempt by U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar to get Iran to agree to a cease-fire in its seven-year war with Iraq. For months, the United States

has been beseeching Security Council members to declare Iran the recalcitrant party in the Gulf war and impose the arms embargo they pledged last July to enact against whomever refused to heed a cease-fire call. Iraq has said it would go along with a

Another question facing the world body is how the arms ban would be enforced.

Secretary of State George Shultz and other U.S. officials have limited their public discus-

forcement may not be too crucial an issue. Because the world's largest powers and their allies would be behind the ban, compliance would naturally follow.

The largest supplier of arms to Iran is China, a permanent member of the council, and U.S. officials have said they expected China to comply with an

embargo.

At the same time, Shultz has not ruled out discussions at the United Nations on steps that might be required to monitor and enforce a ban.

On Saturday, the Minneapolis Star and Trihune newspaper quoted administration officials as saying the United States was willing to discuss with the Soviets the creation of a U.N. fleet to stop and search ships suspected of carrying arms to Iran.

The officials, who were not identified by the newspaper, said the U.N. fleet would not be similar to a Soviet proposal that U.S., French, British and other Western naval forces in the Gulf be put under the U.N. flag and command.

Rather, the arms-monitoring fleet under the U.S. proposal would be made up of ships from neutral countries and would intercept freighters at the mouth of the Gulf as they headed for the Iranian port of Bandar Abbas, sion of enforcement problems, the newspaper said.

'U.S. sent envoy to Iran seeking talks on relations'

visited Tehran to discuss the possibility of re-establishing di-plomatic relations between Iran and the United States.

The envoy, apparently a close friend of President Ronald Reagan, went two weeks ago to the Iranian capital for the first mission of its kind since the armsto-Iran scandal, the British Sunday newspaper said.

It said middle-ranking Iranian officials asked the envoy, travelling under the name of Clark, for assurances that any arms embargo against their country would be delayed until early this summer.

The Iranians asked for a delay

in pursuing U.N. action against their government because of parliamentary elections this April in which the 'moderates' such as Hojatoleslam Hashemi Rafsanjani, the speaker of parliament, hope for a sweeping win over their opponents," said the newspaper's undatelined report. The Observer said the talks

were assumed to have covered the fate of American hostages and that of Lieutenant-Colonel William Higgins, seized by extremists in Lebanon two weeks

The United States shipped arms to Iran in 1986 and National

EMERGENCIES

LONDON (Agencies) — The Observer newspaper said Sunday that a secret U.S. envoy had contacts severed after the 1980 lane visited Tehran to reopen contacts severed after the 1980 Iranian revolution. This led to congressional hearings in the Iran-contra scandal.

> Iran buys arms in London The Ohserver also said Sunday

Iranian Revolutionary Guards and army officers posing as em-ployees of Iran's state oil company continue to use London as an arms purchasing centre, five months after the British government banned such activities.

As many as 30 people working in the offices of the National Iranian Oil Co. are involved in worldwide purchases of military equipment, the newspaper said in a report attributed to sources inside the building.

Britain closed the Iranian mulitary procurement office in London in September and ordered its military personnel to leave the country. Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe said it was a response to an Iranian gunboat attack on an unarmed Britishregistered tanker in the Gulf.
The Observer said that until

the closure, the procurement office's 32 employees handled more than \$2 billion of Iran's annual \$2.5 billion worth of arms purchases.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE Programme review
Children's programme
Punky Broaster Punky Broaster
Al Manahel
Maths, History
Oliver Twist
Educational programme
Arabic series
Local programme
Programme review 19:40 Programme review 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Arabic Series 21:30 Local programme 22:10 Programme on prominent Arab Writers News Summary

PROGRAMME TWO
18:00 La Baic Oc Tous Les Saints Eps 2 19:00 News in French 19:15 Weekly Sport magazine (French) 19:30 News in Flebrew 20:30 Are You Being Served? 21:10 Vanity Fair | New classic drama-series)

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9500 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19 Newsdesk
Morning Show
News Summary
Just a Minute 12:00 Pop Session
News Summary Pop Session Contd. News Bulletin tS:00 16:00 16:05 News Summary Instrumentals 16:30 17:60 Young Sound Pup Session News Summary Sports Roundup Music News Desk 18:30 (9:00 19:30

Evening Show
News Summary
Evening Show Contd.

22:00 News Summars
22:05 Evening Show Continued
23:00 News Summars
23:05 Evening Show Continued
24:00 Close Down

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Augustus Carp Esq By Himself 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Waveguide 07:90 World News 07:09 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30 Nature Notebook 07:45 Recording of the Week 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 On the Border 09:00 World News 09:09 24 the Border 09:00 Newsdesk 18:30 On the Border 09:00 World News 99:99 23 Hours: News Summary 09:30 Airports — The Dangerous Side of Flying 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Augustus Carp Esq 2y Hinself 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 Good 200ks 11:30 Financial News: Sports Roundup 11:45 Peebles' Choice 12:00 News Summary: On the Border 12:30 The Vintage Chart Show 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Health Maners 13:30 Album Time 14:06 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Just A Minute 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Anything Goes 16:00 Outlook: 5-minute News 16:45 Cannery Row 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 On the Border 17:45 Caprictio 18:00 World News 18:10 Commentary 18:15 Unclaimed Promise 18:30 Chain Reaction 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 The Mysterious Art of the Conductor 19:45 Sports Round-up 19:00 World News 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 The Mysterious Art of the Conductor 19:45 Sports Round-up 19:00 World 19:45 About 10:45 About the Conductor 19-45 Sports Round-up 20:00 Newsdesk 20:30 Multitrack I: Top Twenty 21:00 News Summary: Oullook 21:39 Stockmarket Report 21:45 Peebles Choice 22:00 World News 21:40 Twenty Even Mour Sum News 22:09 Twenty-Fours: News Summary 22:30 Sports International 23:00 News Summary, Network UK

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 16:00 News (6:10 Newsline 16:30 Music USA 17:00 News 17:10 Focus 17:30 Special English News & Features 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Magazine Show 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special Finelish News & Features 19:30 News 19:30 English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 News & Features 20:00 Music USA 21:00 News & Editorial 21:1S Music USA Jazz 22:00 News 22:10 World Report

WHAT'S GOING ON TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

* A photo exhibition about An exhibition of prints by Rima

Farah at the Gallery of the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel Juntil Feb. 29). An exhibition to commemorate German composers Heinrich Schutz and Johann Bach at Yarmouk University

tuntil March 3). ★ An exhibition entitled "From Gothenberg to Electronics at Goethe Institute (runs through March 8).

☆ Exhibition of Jordanian Industrial Products at the Greater Amman Municipality (runs through March 4).

JAPANESE FILMS

* Japanese film show (subtitled in Arabic) at 7:00 p.m. at the Royal Cultural Centre.

FEATURE FILM * "Born Yesterday" at 7:00 p.m. at

the American Centre. **CULTURAL CENTRES** Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 661026/7

British Council 636147/8 French Cultural Centre 637009 Goethe Institute Soviet Cultural Centre Spanish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre 624049 .. 639777 Haya Arts Centre 665195
Haya Arts Centre 667181/6
Hussein Youth City 667181/6
Y.W.C.A. 641793
Y.W.M.A. 664251
Amman Municipal Library 637111
Univ. of Jordan Library 843555

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all

ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. 'Closed on Friday. Folkdore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaies from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club, Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle, Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabat Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 672140

De la Salle Church | Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757.
Terrasanta Church | Roman Catholic). Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic). Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Annanciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383, chaplain's residence tel. 601359. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Charch Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church [Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani. Tel. 677534. 67/334. Evangelical Latheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Ara-bic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir 811295. Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumenial English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Tel. 822605, Rev. Veli.

OUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (18) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

AIRPORT

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

Dhahran (RJ)
..... Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (RJ) Cairo (RJ)
Casablanca, Tunis (RJ)
Bangkok (RJ)
New York (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Sana'a (LH)
Baghdad (IA)
Cairo (MS)
Muscai Bahrain IA)
Kuwaii (KU)
Beirui (ME)
Vienna ItA)
Baghdad (AF) DEPARTURES

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminat 1)

tt.30 Paris (RJ)
11:45 Vienna, Chicago. Los Angeles
(RJ) |
12:15 Frankfurt. Copenhagen (RJ)
12:30 Cairo (RJ) | 19:35 | Kuwait (RJ) | 19:50 | Bahraim, Doha (RJ) | 19:55 | Beghdad (RJ) | 20:15 | Cairo (RJ) | 20:45 | Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

| Vienna (IA)
| Bahrain (GF)
| Kuwait (KU)
| Bagadad (IA)
| Paris (AF)

PRAYER TIMES

Aqaba (RJ)
Larnaca (RJ)
Cairo (RJ)
Damascus (RJ)
Muscat, Dubai (RJ) WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

The Kingdom is expected to face a cold front with scattered showers and strong gusts of wind during the day. In Aqaba, the wind will be west-northerly with the seas becoming slightly rough.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 21, Aqaba 28. Humidity readings: Amman 33 per cent, Aqaba 27 per

MONEY EXCHANGE Sunday rates Local sellbuy rates in file

FOR THE TRAVELLER

Civil Defence Deir Alia 57306
Ambulance 193, 775111
Amman downtown fire brigade 198
First aid 630341
Blood Bank 778303
Civil Defence rescue 6621090
Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777
Police headquarters 639141
Traffic police 896390/t
Electric Power Co. 636381/4, 624881
Municipal water complaints 771125/8
Queen Alia Intl. Airport 108153330/60

HOSPITALS

Maihas, J. Amman . Malhas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeisani
Shmeisani Hospital
Universily Hospital
Al-Muasher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali
Al-Ahli, Abdali
Italian, Al-Muhajreen
Al-Bashir, J. Askrafieh
Army, Marka
Queen Alia Hospital
Amal Hospital

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN;
Dr. Bassam Al-Smadi 896778
Dr. Issam Abu Rizq 611784
Dr. Ali Asa ad 897919
Dr. Abdul Wahab Awad 846070

Or. Abdul Watab Awac Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy Shmeisani pharmacy TAXIS:

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 ... 669131 ... 845845 667227/9 664t64/6 . 775111/26

778336 637055 623672 636730 Kayyali taxi Taxina taxi 636730 Raghdan taxi Raqab taxi Sayel taxi ZARQA: Dr. Fadi Yousef Abu Sa'ad 989001 Khalifeh pharmacy 985417 GENERAL

120 / 80 160 / 120 120 / 80

MARKET PRICES

 Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

 Apple (French)
 420 / 360

 Apple (green)
 470 / 400

 Banana
 350 / 300

 Banana (Mukammar)
 300 / 240
 Grapefruit
Lemon
Mandarin | Grapefruit | 160 / 120 | Lemon | 150 / 100 | Mandarin | 330 / 280 | Marrow | 300 / 240 | Onion (green) | 140 / 100 | Onion (green) | 220 / 170 | Oranges (Abu surra) | 370 / 300 | Oranges (Shammouti) | 330 / 270 | Pepper (hot) | 480 / 400 | Pepper (sweet) | 360 / 300 | Potato | 160 / 120 | Raddish | 120 / 80 | Spinach | 160 / 120 | Spinach | 160 / 120 | Tonnatoes | 170 / 80 | Tonnatoes Beans (broad) 420 / 360
Beans (broad) 420 / 360
Cabbage 150 / 100
Carrot (black) 250 / 200
Carrot (yellow) 260 / 200
Carut (yellow) 280 / 220
Cucumbers 320 / 260
Dates (box) 700 / 600
Eggplant (large) 660 / 120
Garlic 180 / 140

Home news

SUPPORT: Austrian Ambassa

dor to Jordan Arnold Moebius

has received a letter of support

from the Amman-based General

Islamic Conference on Jerusalem

for Austrian President Kurt Waldheim. The letter voiced total

support for the Austrian presi-dent in the face of the Zionist

campaign against him, and said

that it had set up a committee which will visit Vienna later and

express the commission's support

for Waldheim who had won the

support of his own people who

COURSE: A five-day training

course for teachers and headmas-

ters of kindergartens, organised by the General Union of Volun-

tary Societies, started Sunday. 35 teachers and headmasters from

Ma'an and Balqa governorates

COMMOTION: The Occupa-

tional Health and Safety Institute

(OHSI) has completed a study on

the impact of commotion on the

health of workers in Jordanian

industrial institutions and recom-

mended that special regulation and specifications of allowable

noise levels be prepared. The

study also recommended that

equipent and machinery im-

ported into the country should

meet certain specifications, de-

signed to ensure comfort of work-

ers. The study found out that 46 per cent of workers in industrial

institutions have developed hear-

ing problems, due to noises

WATER SEMINAR: The

Ministry of Health in cooperation

with the Ministry of Water and

Irrigation has embarked on pre-

parations for a regional seminar

on water and water resources.

The seminar due to open here on May 28 will discuss matters re-

lated to water, its quality and freeing water from pollution. De-

legates from 12 countries in the

Eastern Mediterranean region

will take part in the week-long

seminar in addition to the World

Bank and the World Health

incidentified only as M.M.G. from Mazraa near Karak has tried to commit suicide hy swal-

lowing large quantities of medical tablets. When that failed be tried

old man identified as R.A. was

injured by fire arms in a quarrel

traffic on the two main roads to the valley through Naour and Salt

will be considered as one for the

purpose of regulating the flow of

traffic into the valley. Between 4

and 6 in the afternoon the two

roads will be reserved for Am-

man-bound traffic, while traffic

on the opposite direction will be

restricted. According to the arrangement motorists wishing to go in opposite directions within

go in opposite directions within these two periods were free to use Al Arida road, linking Amman with the Jordan Valley.

ASSEMBLY: Jordanian Con-

tractors Association (JCA) will

hold a general assembly meeting

here next month to elect a new

board to take charge of the association's affairs for the coming two years. A JCA statement said.

that nominations for the associa-

tion's post of president and board

members remain open until Thursday March 3, 1988. The total number of JCA members is

659, and at least 51 per cent need to cast votes in the coming elec-

IN AQABA: The criminal court

bolds sessions in Aqaba this week

aimed to settle cases referred to it

by local police authorities. The

court sessions which will be presided over by Mr. Zuhair Al

Kayed convene in Aqaba only

CHEMISTRY: The Arab Chem-

ists Federation is scheduled to

hold its general conference in

Amman in June 1988 under the

slogan "Chemistry... in the ser-

vice of Arab countries' develop-

ment projects." A committee formed to prepare for the confer-

ence groups representatives of the Jordanian Chemists Associa-

tion (JCA), the Ministries of

Education and Higher Educa-

tion, the University of Jordan, Yarmouk University and the

ISTANBUL MEETING: The

Ministry of Planning will take part in the Islamic follow up

committee for boosting economic

and commercial cooperation, due

to be held in Istanbul, Turkey on

April 16. The ministry's delega-

tion to the meetings will be

headed by its Secretary General

Armed Forces.

tion to make it valid.

when the need arises.

involving several people.

Organisation (WHO).

caused hy machines.

elected him to the post.

ROYAL DECREE: A Royal Decree was issued approving the government's appointment of issa Omari as director general of the Civil Registration and Pass-ports Departments. Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani announced the appointment of Abdul Rahim Ghobari as assistant director for the Civil Registration Depart-ment, and Adnan Nabulsi as assistant for the Passports De-

FAKE DRUGS: The Ministry of Health has taken new measures to stop the smuggling of medicine into Jordan from neighbouring Arab countries. A report in Sawt
Al Shaah Arabic daily said that
most of the smnggled medicine
which is being sold in the hlack market is expired. The ministry is now stepping up its search cam-paign in the Kingdom's pharma-cies and drug stores to stop this practice.

BILATERAL: Public Security Director General Lieutenant General Abdul Hadi Al Majali Sunday received Yugoslav Ambassador to Jordan Zoran Popovic and discussed with him matters of bilateral concern.

KHASAWNEH: Minister of Information Hani Khasawneh received in his office Sunday Canada's Ambassador to Jordan Michael Bell to discuss matters of bilateral concern.

ILO MEETING: The cabinet Sunday approved the formation of the Jordanian delegation to the International Labour Organisation's 16th annual session, due to be held in Baghdad on March 7. Minister of Labour Rashid Ureiqat heads the Jordanian team.

DELEGATION RETURNS: A joint tourist and information delegation Sunday returned home after concluding a week-long visit to Morocco, during which they discussed hilateral cooperation with Moroccan officials.

ution

KUWAITIS: A delegation from Kuwait's police and traffic department Sunday visited the police licensing department at Marka and toured its various departments.

ROTTEN FOOD: The health department at Irbid Municipality has destroyed a quantity of food found to be unfit for buman consumption. A municipality spokesman said that the food was collected during municipal inspection of food stores in the city

CONFERENCE: Jordan will on education to be held in the United Arab Emirates in April. The Ministry of Education's director of the curriculum department Ahmad Hiyasat will represent the ministry at the four-day

FILMS: The Jerash branch of the Jordan Cooperative Organisation in cooperation with Jerash education department and the West German Friedrich Naumann Institute, are currently showing films on the cooperative movement and agricultural de-velopment in Jordan to Jerash farmers and villagers in the dis-

GRADUATES: Participants in a six month programme on the development of administrative skills, organised by the Ministry of Agriculture in cooperation with the United States Agency for International Development graduated Sunday.

MISSION: Jordan's round-theworld traveller Wabd Amaireh has arrived in Baghdad from Jordan. Amaireh who is making around-the-world trip on foot in three stages expects to complete his mission in eight years.

BOOKS: Mu'ta University's civilian wing has opened a book exhibition organised in cooperation with Jordanian publishers. On display for several days are 10,000 books and publications including children's books for the benefit of university staff and

OPENING: Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Yousef Hamdan Al Jabr Monday opens a new vegetable market, a bus terminal and a crafts centre in Mafraq. The minister will also inaugurate Rihah municipality's new pre-

SOUTHERN ROAD: The cabinet has allocated JD 1.5 million for the construction and expansion of the Ma'an-Ras Al Naqab road. The 75-kilometre road comprises four lanes.

TV: The director general of the Jordan Company for Television, Radio and Cinema Production, Jawad Maraqa, has returned to Assman after a 10-day visit to Tunisia and Egypt after attending the meetings of an Arab information committee held in Tonis. The committee approved the setting up of a pan-Arab company for TV production.

Prince Hassan urges Arab integration

the Regent, Sunday emphasised the importance of inter-Arab integration within the Red Sea region, and pointed to the role the private sector should play in en-hancing such integration.

Addressing Jordanian and Egyptian husinessmen Prince Hassan referred to Jordan's constant support for all initiatives designed to achieve further development and attract more investments in this vital part of the

The success of the Jordanian-Egyptian holding company and its operations largely depend on



Crown Prince Hassan

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal the pioneering projects this com-Highness Crown Prince Hassan, pany plans to execute and the pany plans to execute and the leading role it can play in pooling the resources of various parties, Prince Hassan noted.

delin ligh

He stressed the need for the establishment of business societies in both countries to pool efforts in exploiting capital towards economic development. Prince Hassan underlined the

need of adopting modern stan-dard measures and specifications in production methods so as to attain the highest possible quality and enhance inter-Arab trade.

The meeting was attended by Deputy Prime Minister, Minister of Education Thongan Hindawi and Minister of Industry, Trade and Supply Hamdi Tabhaa.

Earlier, the Jordanian and Egyptian sides to the meetings reviewed a number of topics which had been discussed before and which aim at further bolstering Jordanian-Egyptian economic cooperation.

Both sides also reviewed matters related to the land-sea route. linking Aqaba with Nweibeh in the Sinai Peninsula; and discussed the role which the joint holding company can play in promot-ing tourist investments in both regions. They also reviewed areas of scientific cooperation between the two countries.

Shbeilat wins engineering association's presidency

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Leith Shheilat, a prominent member of the Lower House of Parliament, became president of the Jordan Engineers Association after a landslide victory Sunday dawn over his rivals. Shbeilat secured the votes of 3,068 engineers out of the 4,491 association members who turned out for the election. Mohammad Keilani trailed with 1,020 votes, while Tajuddin Nuseiba failed to collect more than 151 votes.

That was the third time Shbeilat ran for the association's presidency. Winning in 1982, the to hang himself with a rope. He was rushed to hospital in Karak. In another incident Al Ra'i Arabic daily reported that a 24-year-id outspoken political activist lost m 1984, the same year he was elected to represent Amman in the Lower House of Parliament. Shbeilat replaces the association president Ibrahim Ahu

Ayash, who did not nominate himself for another term. TRAFFIC FLOW: The Public 'The elections process started Security Department (PSD) has Friday morning and lasted until made arrangements for easing the flow of traffic along the Amman-Jordan Valley highways during Fridays. Between 9 and 11 a.m. dawn, Sunday.

Ismael Bariush collected 1,115 to win the vice president seat and six other candidates won seats in the association's council each representing a hranch of en-

gineering.

Khaled Ramadan and Bashir
Jaghbeer collected 2,550 and
2,253 votes respectively to represent civil engineers. Omar Al Russan collected 1,682 votes to



Leith Shbeilat represent architects. Ghassan

Abdul Majeed collected 1,845 votes to represent mechanical engineers. Ahmad Atwan became a memher in the council represent-1,845 votes. Mohammad Ahn Taha won 1,596 to represent the mining engineers and Riyadh Abu Hazim collected 1,596 to represent chemical engineers.

In an address following the elections. Shbeilat stressed the need for collective efforts to face the hurdles impeding the en-gineering sector's development and the association, which, he said, was facing a magnitude of problems ever increasing with the increase in its membership.

Dubai meeting explores expatriates' housing

DUBAI (Petra) — A meeting opened here Saturday to discuss the prospect of providing homes and housing units to Jordanian expatriates in the United Arah Emirates. The meeting is organised hy the Housing Bank in cooperation with Oman Bank in Dubai and several Jordanian day activities.

housing and tourist organisations

At the four-day meeting expatriates will be examining prospects and offers for owning homes in the Kingdom. Altogether, 35 Jordanian housing firms are taking part in the four-

Packaged fruits, vegetables coming

(AMO) held a seminar at Ghor Safi Sunday to orient local farmers on ways and methods for grading and packing fruits and vegetables for local and foreign

AMO officials and specialists who spoke at the seminar said that the organisation bas, as of the middle of February, adopted

KARAK (Petra) — The Agri-cultural Marketing Organisation crops, designed to offer the con-sumer the best possible quality

Bad quality products reflect negatively not only on the producers, but also on the national economy, the officials said, They also stressed the importance of selecting top quality products for marketing abroad as a favourable element in the current competinew measures and rules in the tion with products from other process of grading and packing countries.

OBITUARY-

The families of Qattan, Anistas, Innab and Abed Rabbo and their relatives in Jordan and abroad announce with deep grief the passing away of:

Shukri Anton Jubrail Qattan father of Anton, Saml and Lina who died in Amman

Sunday at the age of 81. The funeral will take place at 3:00 p.m. Monday at the cemetery church in Amman. Condolences will be accepted at the late Shukri Qattan's home in Jabal Amman - Second Circle. Note: Money allocated for wreaths should instead go to the benefit of St. Vincent charitable society; a society representative will be present at the chur-



Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and members of his Cabinet attending Sunday's session of the Scuate (Petra photo)

Senate passes press law amendment

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Upper House of Parliament (Senate) Sunday approved an amendment to the press and publications law after a heated debate among senators who argued that the amendment contradicted the freedom of the press guaranteed by the constitution.

The amendment, passed re-cently by the Lower House of Parliament, grants a right of appeal to publishers in the case of withdrawal or revocation of their publications' licences. The original amendment as presented by the government gave the cabinet absolute power in this regard. Although this amendment was viewed by some puhishers and Lower House deputies, as an

achievement, some senators felt that there were loopholes. Article 16, now approved by both chambers of parliament, grants the cabinet the authority to license a publication, to renew its licence or deny it with no right to appeal "except in the cases of withdrawal or revocation of a licence" where a publisher can appeal to the government or the

Article 23 of the law, states that if a press publication publishes anything that would

threaten the "national entity, state security, harms national well being or constitutional principles," the council of ministers, upon recommendations from the minister of information, could eancel the licence of the publication or close down the establishment for a period of no less than a week or to fine it no less than JD 150 hut not exceeding JD 500. According to this article the

decision is absolute and not subject to appeal. In the case of cancelling a licence, the publisher cannot apply for another licence hefore the passage of a full year on the decision. Senate member Juma Ham-

mad, himself a publisher and life-long journalist, contended that article 23 would cause a "disaster not only for the freedom of the press, and the right for legal arbitration," hut also for the financial and social well being of publishers and journal-

According to Hammad, "every According to Hammad, "every newspaper employs hundreds of full time staff other than hundreds of part timers," and all of these people would be affected by such a cabinet decision.

Hammad suggested that article 16 be limited only to licensing new publications to avoid duplications.

new publications to avoid duplicity between it and article 23, which should make the cabinet

decisions subject to appeal. Senate member Ahmad Tarawneh, rapporteur of Senate Legal Committee, explained that "journalism in Jordan has gained a new victory. Prior to this law immunity was given to the cabinet in what ever decision it took in this regard hut now this immunity has been taken away to a certain

Tarawneh added that the immunity granted the cabinet by article 23 stemmed from reasons of great importance affecting the security of the country. Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, told

the Senate that article 16 does not talk about punishment for publishers and only detailed the prerogatives of the cabinet, which were absolute. Rifai added that the new law

"took away from the cabinet's prerogatives, and in effect gives more to the press publishers."

Senate member Khalil Salem said he preferred that "no admi nistrative decision be granted im munity as a general principle" hu added that these two article complimented each other.

Article 16 did not give reason for the cancellation of a licence while article 23 did."

Salem also posed a question Why does article 23 state the minimum period for closing : newspaper, one week, hut doe: not give the maximum time

Senator Mudar Badran, replied to Salem's question explaining that technically it would he maximum of one month because according to the law, if a publication remains closed for over a month, the licence is technically withdrawn.

Senator Hassan Al Kayed was against taking away the cabinet decision's immunity in this regard. He said: "the cahinet is more aware than any other hody. and is more able to decide what is to be done." He further explained that "the judiciary would not know the reasons behind a cahinet decision (for revoking licences) and would not he as efficient as the cahinet in assessing the situation.

The Senate also discussed and approved another amendment to the press and publication law,

Music lovers are in for a delightful performance

By Jean-Claude Elias Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A piano and violin recital, organised by the Noor Al Hussem Foundation for the benefit of the National Music Conservatory (NMC) will take place at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC) today at 8:00 p.m. Tickets are at 3 JD each and available at the RCC. American musicians Joseph Holt on piano and Kelly Barr on violin will charm the andience with selected works for piano and violin.

time, Joseph Holt is not a newcomer, nor is he a beginner! A young yet mature performer, Holt has already given more than one recital in Jordan. Impressive when and if it is achieved, after keyboard control, expression, long years of learning and prac-

taste and musicality are obvious qualities when one listens to joseph Holt. He is also a great communicator who knows how to establish a fast and excellent contact with his audience. Holt is the winner of several international piano awards and contests.

Kelly Barr is 19, and has been playing the violin since the early age of 5. She lives by and for the violin, practising 4 to 8 hours a day. Earlier this week both musicians gave a private recital where they played te Spanish Dance by Manuel de Falla, the sonata in A For all those who have been in by J. Haydn, the Allegro de Amman's music circuit for some Concerto by Granados and the Bee by Francois Schubert. The violin is known to he a very difficult instrument to master. This is usually achieved, that is

tice. However, Kelly Barr seems to have acquired the control of the instrument at an exceptionally young age. Through difficult pieces she demonstrated genuine musicality and played beautifully.

Barr also played at the NMC, where she delighted the young violin students. According to Sheila Johnson, head of the Conservatory, the children were more than enthusiastic about the performance which made them eager to work and play better. Kelly Barr bas always had the support of her family as a young violin student. In fact she often practises with her sister who also plays the same instrument. She admits however, that it was very hard sometimes to keep on the good work, more particularly when she was a teen-ager. She explained (with the full approval of Joseph

Holt), that this was the age when you discover life and all the possibilities it offers to you: It is the time to make choices and decide what one wants to do with one's

By coming to Jordan to per-form, meet and extend support for the students of the NMC. both Kelly Barr and Joseph Helt are making a great contribution to the Conservatory. Sbeila Johnson says that the number of registered students was increasing / has multiplied five times in le. than one year) and that piano. courses are heing planned in the short future due to increased demand. She expects to be set up a young string ense.

very soon, and hopefully a symphony orchestra would not be a dream anymore.



If you have a privately owned firm or you are an entrepreneur or part of a business group, Petra can help you.

By meeting an average of 50% of the cost proposed for your activity, Petra will encourage and assist you in getting your business off the ground.

Petra, a project of the Jordanian Ministry of Planning and the United States Agency for International Development.

For more information call on

PETRA Office Jordan Tower Building, 14th floor. Tel. 647601, 647602 from 8 a.m. - 2 p.m. Or write to P.O. Box 1982, Amman - Jordan.

جوربن تابعز بومية عربية سيامية مستكلة تمسر بالمجليزية عن الأرسمة المسحلية الارمنية Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED Responsible Editor and Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor-in-Chief:

RAMI G. KHOURI

Editorial and advertising offices: Jardan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 666265-2

Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Logic in cohesion

JORDAN. Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) have acted in an exemplary manner in presenting a unified face to the peace-making overtures of U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz this week. Some of this is due to Jordan's traditional desire to work within the framework of a unified and coordinated Arab position. Some is also due to the fact that after 20 years of diplomatic efforts in the region, the Arabs as a whole have learned that there is strength in unity, and logic in cohesion. If the United States does not yet feel that it is prepared to accept the Arab proposal for an international peace conference on Middle East peace, then we shall have to pursue our united Arab position until the day the American, and Israeli, positions

contain more realism and less idealism.

Mr. Shultz and the United States government certainly have much self-interest in trying to play the mediator's role, and they have seen once again that the Arabs are willing and eager to explore any possibilities for a breakthrough in negotiating a peace that satisfies the dual rights of the Israelis and the Palestinians. But dual rights should mean equal rights. It is naive for the United States to expect appliance when it proposes the security and sovereignty of the state of Israel while it offers the Palestinians the promise of "legitimate rights." What are "legitimate rights"? How do they coincide with the right of self-determination? How do they mesh with the principles of liberty and national self-assertion so vividly embodied in such American documents as the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution and the Bill of Rights?

If the United States wishes to play a truly productive role as a mediator, it must be truly impartial, arguing for the same quality of human, political and national rights for both Israelis and Palestinians. The message from the Palestinians and the PLO, their sole legitimate leadership, is very clear: The issue of the Palestinians is one of national rights, not one of treating a demographic and geographic dilemma within territory defined by cease-fire lines in 1967. If the American response is that the Israelis are not yet prepared to deal with the Palestinian issue as one of national rights, then the Arabs should make it clear that we are prepared to wait until the conditions for peace-making in Israel and Washington are more propitious. Timet-ables of national assertion and identity in the Middle East are not set by American officials, though these officials can play a constructive role in the process of helping the peoples of the area achieve and safeguard their rights.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Shultz hears Jordan's views

PRINCE Hassan heard U.S. views from Secretary of State George Shultz and presented Jordan's stand to the American secretary, underlining the need for holding an international Middle East peace conference in which all concerned parties can participate. Prince Hassan said this is the only feasible way for achieving a lasting peace in the region and noted that any peaceful solution should hinge on two points: Israel's total withdrawal from lands occupied since 1967 and guarantees for the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland. His Majesty King Hussein had repeated earlier the Jordanian firm stand with regard to this problem during his tours abroad. His endeavours in world countries secured support from the international community to Jordan's views about a settlement which has become urgent now in view of the current uprising in the occupied Arab territory. There is no doubt that Shultz heard similar views in Damascus which holds a stand identical to that of Amman and hopes to achieve the same results. Wherever Shultz goes in the Arah World now, he will find the same position and hear the same views about a settlement. There is no single Arab country that can accept a unilateral treaty with Israel nor there is one in the Arab World who does not approve of lasting peace that can guarantee the rights of the Palestinian people. We are not asking Washington to do miracles, but all we ask is that the U.S. should not make of its policies a real obstacle in the path of genuine peace.

Al Dustour: Jordan reaffirms stand

JORDAN which welcomed any American moves to revive the peace process in the Middle East was keen also to renew its call for a lasting settlement, entailing a total Israeli withdrawal from Arab territory and safeguarding the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland. Jordan which reiterated this position to visiting U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz realises that the United States is fully aware of the Arab stand, and that the Arab Nation insists on an international conference to achieve a lasting peace. But Jordan chose to repeat this stand to Shultz and to call bis attention that the Arab stand is backed by the international community, which the United States cannot ignore. Jordan is keen to make Washington realise that there can be no chance for peddling alternative ideas which do not achieve the aspired Arab goals. Jordan's reaffirmation of its views at this time assumes added significance in view of the on-going uprising in the occupied Arab territory, and as the United States is embarking on a new initiative in our region. Reaffirmation of Arab stands with regard to the Arab-Israeli conflict is necessary now at a time when the United States has mixed and confused ideas, and is probably trying to present old ones in a new form. Jordan has made it clear to Shultz that it can not accept anything short of a comprehensive and

Sawt Al Shaab: Justice is the aim

U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz's talks with Jordanian officials in Amman Saturday presented another chance for the Arah side to reiterate its firm position with regard to a Middle East settlement. It is certain that the U.S. secretary of state was not surprised by the Jordanian views since Jordan's firm stand has never changed, and has been insisting on total Israeli withdrawal from Arah territories occupied since 1967, and a lasting peace that can guarantee the rights of the Palesinian people. Jordan has never stopped its endeavours world-wide and in the United States to ensure the rights of the Palestinians in their homeland. World public opinion rementhers too well King Hussein's warning of danger inherent in the continued Israeli occupation of Arah land. The King had sounded the alarm on numerous occasions, and called on the international community to end Israel's occupation which bas been causing tension and bringing the Middle East to the verge of war leading to more bloodshed. The uprising in the occupied Arab territory came to support the King's views and to reiterate an old-new fact that justice should be done in any settlement for the Arab-Israeb conflict.

Mixing oil with water

By Waleed Sadi

WHEN the Arab summit was convening in Amman last November, a pessimist sarcastically remarked to me in anticipation of the results of the summit that one simply cannot mix oil with water. He went on to elaborate his negative thesis that the Amman summit may succeed in shaking the "jug" so hard that its oil and water contents would temporarily mix but as soon as the jug is put to rest, the oil will go one direction and the water will go in another. When I pressed him to further explain his real logic, he answered that he had the Iraqi-Syrian relations in mind. At that time, like all good intentioned people I rejected totally this gloomy, doomsday forecast about inter-Arab relations and insisted that he was wrong and that I together with the other millions of Arabs everywhere were right in expecting real harmony and cooperation among the Arab governments including Iraq and Syria. I should say especially between Iraq and Syria in view of the fact that those two countries form the hackbone of any inter-Arab solidarity. In my desperate way to convince my adversary that the title of the Amman summit will be borne out by the events and time, I told him to wait and see how true, deep and profound were the political restructuring in inter-Arab relations which ensued from the Amman summit. Of course I was sure I would win any bet that this pessimist was willing to wager and I proudly awaited another opportunity to look him right in the eye to tell him: I told you.

Sure enough I confronted that man again only a few days ago and when he hastened to bombast me with some news that all was still not that well betwen Iraq and Syria and wanted to know if I had

anything to say to defend my premature optimism.

He was obviously referring to the recent setback in efforts to fully reconcile the two countries in accordance to the mandate and dictates of the Amman summit. I hastened to observe that I, like the millions of Arabs everywhere, was aghast at the snail pace improvement in the Iraqi-Syrian relations but had not given up so prematurely on the futuristic relations between Arab brothers including Damascus and Baghdad. I also told him that I thought and believed that the spirit of the Amman summit still permeated

various pieces there were still impediments on the road to full and total harmony and coordination within the Arab World. My friend was nevertheless not convinced of my positive and optimistic protestations and by way of rebutting my rosy thesis he referred to the many unsettled Arab problems: The Sahara conflict, the Libyan-Arab relations, the incomplete restitution of Egypt's place among the Arab community of states, the still illusive Arab harmony on the Gulf conflict and last but not least the division of opinion on how to proceed on the Palestinian case and the overall Arab-Israeli conflict. These were, my friend commented, outward the clear signals that all was not well within the Arab World and that the goals and aspirations of the Amman summit for total harmony and cooperation among the Arah leaders had not yet materialised.

It was time for me to offer a lecture on the relative meanings of harmony and coordination which were the motto of the Amman summit and in the shadow of which we in the Arab World laboured and pursued our policies. Did relative harmony, per se, mean total eye to eye perspective? Or was it the spirit and commitment to upgrade the supreme Arah Nation's interest over all the considerations was what makes harmony and cooperation a living and dynamic phenomenon that propels the direction of the Arab World. I for one never thought it was possible for all the Arab countries to see eye to eye on all issues as long as they enshrined their respective sovereignties the way they did. I have always thought that we should avoid to entertain too high an expectation and believe that two or more states still enjoying and enshrining full sovereignty would be able to share common views on all subjects at all times. It is not in the nature of things for independent and sovereign states to shed away their separate identity in toto no matter how good intentioned they may be. Rather we need to get accustomed to live with the pragmatic level and degree of harmony and coordination between independent and sovereign Arab states, and try to construct on what we have attained day by day. And if we keep these hard facts in focus I think we in the Arab World could begin to feel satisfaction with the degree of harmony and

coordination that was realised at the Amman summit. A higher level of harmony and coordination can never be achieved by summits. Rather the only avenue for such sublime goals and objectives can only be had through the demotion of the concept and principle of sovereignty by the respective Arab states. I for one would never allow myself to entertain the illusion of attaining pure and perfect inter-Arah harmony and coordination as long as the Arah states guard their strong attachment and respect for traditional sovereignty and independence. At least we should be prepared to move as far as the European Community did when they based their coordination and harmony on issues that range from economic to political concerns. Full coordination will continue to be devoid of its full meaning as long as it does not encompass social, educational, economical, financial and last but least political endeavours. Obviously we have a long way before we reach the sophisticated level of coordination and cooperation that was struck by our European neighbours.

Everything is relative, I cautioned my pessimistic interlocutor. The Arab club is still in its infancy as far as sound and sophisticated relations are concerned. Amman Arab summit was truly a mile-stone on the road to the fulfillment of all Arab aspirations. Do not make the mistake of expecting too much from it.

But as my friend, like many other Arabs, had taken the solidarity slogan of the Amman summit literally, he seemed little convinced of my observations. In an effort to fortify his deep convictions that more to inter-Arab coordination should be there than what existed, he retorted quizzically: What about Arab nationalism? Isn't it supposed to be the guiding light and motivating force that could put flesh on the skeleton of redimentary inter-Arab relations? Yes of course, I answered, if only we in the Arab World could find an institutional expression to that nationalism. It is really the common thread that can bind the Arab governments together. My friend finally nodded his head in agreement with my last observation and with it we parted company. But neither one of us was truly converted to the others point of view.

Kahane's message heard but only method rejected in Israel

By Yossi Melman and Dan Raviv

June 1967 war, the Israeli cabinet. convened for a secret meeting to consider a thorny issue: What to do about the demographic problems created by the capture of the West Bank and Gaza, which had added nearly a million Arabs to Israeli jurisdiction.

One of the options discussed at the 1967 cabinet meeting was resettlement of Arabs living in refugee camps, according to the private diaries kept by Yaacov Herzog, who was at the time director-general of the prime minister's office. (The official transcript of the meeting remains secret, even now).

Menachem Begin, who was then a cabinet minister, recommended the demonition of the refugee camps and the transfer of their residents to Sinai, captured from Egypt, according to Herzog's notes. Finance Minister Pinhas Sapir, supported by Foreign Minister Abba Eban, called for resettling the refugees in neighbouring Arah countries,

mainly Syria and Iraq.

The 1967 cabinet meeting didn't reach a decision on the resettlement issue. But sentiment seemed to favour Deputy Prime Minister Yigal Allon's proposal that Palestinian refugees be transported to the Sinai desert and that Palestinians should be persuaded to move abroad. According to Herzog's notes, Allon said: "We do not do enough among the Arabs to encourage emigration." Instead of forced relocation to the desert, Israel adopted a gent-ler resettlement plan in 1967. The prime minister's office, the defence ministry and the army jointly established a secret unit charged with "encouraging" the departure of the Palestinians for foreign shores. This secret plan surfaced publicly for the first time last November, when Ariel Sharon told a Tel Aviv audience: "For several years after the Six-Day War, assistance was given to Arabs who wished to emigrate from here. There was an organisation which dealt with it."

The "organisation" Sharon mentioned functioned smoothly and quietly for three years, and then disaster struck. Around midday on May 4, 1970, a young Palestinian entered the Israeli consulate in Asunaion, Paraguay. He seemed nervous and angrily demanded to see the ambassador, according to one witness. When the ambassador's secretary tried to calm the Palestinian, he pulled out a pistol and shot her dead. Israel's official spokesman quickly declared that the attack was part of the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation's terrorism led by Yasser Arafat. But it was in fact something quite different: An act of vengeance hy a Palestinian and two accomplices who had been "resettled" in Paraguay as part of the secret Israeli relocation plan and were unhappy at what they believed was a raw deal

The killer was identified by Paraguayan police investigators as a Palestinian named Talal Ibn Dimassi. (He and his two accomplices apparently fled the country and were never caught). These Palestinians had lived in the Jabaliya refugee camp in Gaza. Fed up with life there, they had

from the Israelis.

TWO weeks after the end of the accepted an unusual offer to move to South America. The journey into voluntary exile began with a visit to Israeli military governor's office in Gaza, not far from Dimassi's appliance store on El Mukhtar Street in Gaza City, and ended with a one-way ticket from an israeli travel agency. The Israelis had worked intensively to find Arabs like Dimassi who were so disappointed with their lot that they might be candidates for the secret programme. Hundreds of refugee families accepted the offer. The clandestine unit purch. ased, through intermediaries, farms and other land in Paraguay, Brazil and even pre-Qadhafi

Dimassi arrived in Paraguay a month before the shooting. Before he left Gaza, the Israelis had promised him and the other emigres that they would receive new passports and help in finding jobs. When the days passed, the pledges were not fulfilled and the Palestinians' pleas to the Israeli embassy went unanswered, some of them decided on an act of protest and vengeance. Dimassi and his colleagues intended to kill the Israeli ambassador, but they panicked and killed the secretary

Secret plan ends

The attack in Paraguay put an abrupt end to the secret Israeli plan, which the government had hoped would help solve the problem of the Palestinians hy exporting them. Sending one million Arabs overseas would be prohibitively expensive, but around I,000 did leave voluntarily in the early years of the occupation. The idea of relocating Palesti-nians isn't new, as the 1967 cabinet discussions show. And a similar scheme might be attractive today to a growing number of Israelis who wonder — as they watch the recent uprising in the West Bank and Gaza — how long the territories can be governed militarily.

Since the early days of Zion-ism, resettlement has been an option for dealing with the demographic problem posed by the large Arah population in the historical land of Palestine. The founding fathers of the Zionist movement - Herzl, Weizmann, Ben Gurion and others - believed that they were establishing Israel in a land devoid of population. Only at a later stage, in the late 1930s, did they become aware of the demographic challenge: That the Arab majority in Palestine would not simply vanish. Various solutions were consitransfer. The aim was to encourpurchase of land on the east bank of the Jordan River for resettlement of Arabs.

The Labour Zionists, inflnenced by the huge population transfers in Europe after World War I, believed that financial incentives would suffice. The conservative Zionist leader, Ze'ev Jabotinsky, also supported the idea. In November 1939, he wrote in a letter to one of his party members: "We should instruct American Jewry to mobil-

"There is no choice: The Arabs must make room for the Jews in Eretz Israel. If it was possible to transfer the Baltic peoples, it is also possible to move the Palesti-

ise half a billion dollars in order that Iraq and Saudi Arabia will absorb the Palestinian Arabs. swept into the West Bank. But several Israeli military comman-ders took limited steps. One ders took limited steps. One general, for instance, sent bulldozers to demolish three Arab villages near Latrun, on the road to Jerusalem, expelling their residents. Only the intervention of Israeli intellectuals saved the Nothing practical emerged West Bank town of Qalqilya from

"Dimassi arrived in Paraguay a month before the shooting. Before he left Gaza, the Israelis had promised him and the other emigres that they would receive new passports and help in finding jobs. When the days passed, the pledges were not fulfilled and the Palestinians' pleas to the Israeli embassy went unanswered, some of them decided on an act of protest and vengeance. Dimassi and his colleagues intended to kill the Israeli ambassador, but they panicked and killed the secretary instead."

from these grand ideas, but the notion of transfering the Arab population survived. Over the years, it has taken various forms. But the record shows that relocation has always been an Israeli option - discussed quietly but

seriously — and not simply a pet proposal of right-wing extremists. The first opportunity to deal directly with the demographic problem came in 1948. The 1948 war resulted in population shifts, some in line with the United Nations partition plan that Arab leaders had rejected.

Palestinian historians contend the Israeli army did have a programme to remove the Arabs and replace them with Jews from Arab countries. The traditional Israeli version accuses the Palestinian leadership of calling on its own people to leave their homes, promising "a return after vic-

A new book by an Israeli journalist, Benny Morris, lends some weight to the Palestinian version. His book, "The Birth of the Palestinian Refugee Problem, 1947-49," is based on Israeli army documents that were made available to the anthor after long legal battles with the military censor and the national archives. Morris points to several incidents in which Israeli troops expelled Palestinian villagers.

In the years since 1948, Israeli leaders have generally avoided any comprehensive public discussion of expelling or relocating Palestinians. This issue apparently surfaced in a minor way in 1964, when a young Israeli colonel named Ariel Sharon redered, including population portedly asked his staff to research the numbers of buses, vans age Palestinians to leave their and trucks that would be required land, principally to new bomes in in case of war to transport some Trans-Jordan. The Jewish lead- of the 300,000 Arabs out of ership even negotiated for the northern Israel. According to Sharon's biographer, Uzi Benziman, most of Sharon's subordinates declined to cooperate with his request unless they received written orders and confirmation from the General Staff in Tel Aviv. Even though it was only a contingency plan, they feared that if one day the documents were published, Israel would be

embarrassed. During the 1967 war, there wasn't any official policy to expel Palestinians as the Israeli army a similar fate when an expulsion

there was cancelled.

Since the 1967 war, the subject of expulsion has been taboo. Even those who supported the notion deep in their hearts did not dare to raise it onto the national agenda. It was clear that mass deportations would be regarded as immoral and should not

Kahane calls openly for the removal of Arabs from Israel and the territories. He has offered to pay Palestinians to leave Israel.

Kahane has enjoyed growing support among Israel's young generation. He won a seat in the Knesset in 1984, and recent polls suggest that his Kach party could win three or four of the 120 seats in the next election this November. That would enhance Kabane's claim that in calling for the expulsion of Palestinians, he is giving voice to the secret desire of many Israelis.

Other_prominent Israelis are joining Kahane in talking about the once-taboo topic of expelling Arabs. Yosef Shapira, a National Religious Party minister, raised the issue of population transfer just before the last outbreak of civil protests in the occupied ter-ritories. He said that Israel should encourage Palestinian emigration on a large scale, especially among the intelligentsia. Shapira even suggested, as Kahane did 15 years ago, that Israel's government pay \$20,000 to every Arab who agrees to

Meir Kahane adopted the call for not talk about it and instead put it expulsion, turning it into the heart of its political platform. A former American who founded the Jewish Defence League, the Jewish Defence League, the Araba And Gideon transfer the Araba. And Gideon Patt, a Liberal Party member of the Likud bloc and a government minister, threatened the Arabs of Israel that if they did not "behave themselves" they would be put on trucks and in taxicabs and sent to

the border. Most of the Israeli leadership still firmly rejects "any talk" of mass relocation of Palestinians. Israel reserves deportation as the most extreme punishment for Palestinians; it has expelled some 900 Palestinians — but only after following legal procedures that include a right to appeal to the Snpreme Conrt (no such appeal was accepted).

Kahane's message — expel the Palestinians or risk losing Jewish control of the land - remains a potent one. And in the absence of a political solution to the Palestinian problem, Israel may push towards such measures.

Yossi Melman is the diplomatic correspondent of the Israeli daily newspaper Davar. Dan Raviv is a London-based CBS News correspondent. They are authors of the Hebrew-language book, "A Hos-tile Partnership: Israelis, Jordanians and Palestinians." The arti-Only the fringe sect of Rahbi a's proposal but said Israel should Washington Post.

Israeli rightists have the solution — Expulsion

TEL AVIV — A new word has entered the Hebrew political lexicon - "transfer." It is used by Israeli right-wingers who favour the mass expulsion of Palestinians from the occupied territories.

"Half a year ago, 90 per cent of the people would have objected to transfer," said Yisrael Harel, a leader of the Gush emunim (faith bloc) West Bank settlement movement and editor of its monthly magazine Nekuda. "Today, 30 to 40 per cent

would argue that it's not a dirty word or an inhuman policy. On the contrary, they would argue, it's a way to avoid friction," he

Retired Israeli General Re-havam Ze'evi called a public meeting in Tel Aviv this week to launch a political campaign for "transfer by free will."
About 150 people, including

academics and other retired senior army officers took part in the discussion. It ended with Ze'evi saying: "We have lit the torch and it will burn."

The idea of driving out some or all of the 1.5 million Palestinians of the West Bank and Gaza Strip is not new in Israel. Politicians on the far-right bave

spoken about it for years. Anti-Arab extremist Rahbi Meir Kahane won 21,000 votes in the 1984 general election and a seat in parliament campaigning on an expulsion platform.

An 11-week Palestinian upris- a radio interview: ing in the territories has propelled the idea back into the public eye. It has become an accepted subject for discussion in the opinion pages of Israeli newspapers, though leaders of the major parties dismiss it as impractical.

Voices grow louder

But the idea has spread to the right-wing of Prime Minister Yit-zhak Sbamir's nationalist Likud Bloc. Deputy Defence Minister Michael Dekel publicly endorsed it last summer.

Advocates of "transfer" are vague about how it would be carried out and what would happen to those expelled.

Kahane and Ze'evi both speak about "creating conditions" in Israel and the occupied territories, under which a majority of Arabs will no longer want to stay. Ze'evi says that if Palestinians

face unemployment and a shortage of water, "then in a legitimate way and in accordance with the Geneva convention, we can create necessary conditions for separation."

Others, like former chief of staff Rafael Eitan, now a rightwing opposition member of parliament, believe the mass expulsion could follow a new Arab-Israeli war, in the same way as previous mass Palestinian expulsions took place during the wars of 1948 and 1967.

"I'm warning them that the fate that befell their parents and grandparents could also happen to them," Eitan said this week in

Gush Emunim ideologist Eliakim Haetzni argued that mass transfer would become inevitable unless Israel expelled several hundred Palestinian leaders and "trouble-makers" immediately to

quell the uprising.
"Expelling bundreds now would perhaps prevent a bloody war, which would perhaps lead to a mass expulsion," he said. Ticking in the background is

what Israelis call the demographic time bomb. The Palestinian population is growing so fast that it could equal or exceed the Jewish population within a gen-Moderates like Foreign Minis-

ter Shimon Peres see this as an overwhelming reason for withdrawing from most of the occupied territories, especially Gaza where the population density is already among the world's highest.

Peres said last week: "There is an unending demographic process. When we say we should withdraw from Gaza, it's not because we're afraid of the statis-

But to nltra-rightists, withdrawal from land they believe Israel has a God-given right to rule, is unthinkable.

In those circumstances, said right-wing activist Zvi Shiloah, transfer was a way to ensure that "we won't have to wake up every morning and ask how many Arabs were born during the night."







Only the colour is different

David Beresford of the Guardian travelled from the townships of Johannesburg to the camps of the Gaza Strip in search of Israel's South African connection

IT WAS ONLY a fragment of a familiarly ominous air — albeit in half-beard conversation, but one cavas-covered jeeps. The Israeli which came increasingly to mind this week travelling the "Promised Land" in search of "the South African connection."

An elderly man, with traces of a Transvaal accent, was collecting his daughter from Ben Gurion airport and they were swapping news of friends and family when the daughter enquired, solicitously, whether be missed South Africa. Her father confessed, wistfully, that he did. Then he added with the horrified stage whisper of one speaking of an obscenity, overlaid by an air of self-justification: "hut I've heard that anti-Semitism is on the increase

The conversation was memorable not for the judgment itself, but for the fact that a South African in Israel should have to rely on the charge of anti-Semitism - a comparatively minor phenomenon in the iniquitous and of apartheid to rationalise his self-exile.

Israel is particularly sensitive to the South African analogy in the present times of political "unrest" in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. A recent programme broadcast by a U.S. television network, drawing parallels, carned an anguished response from the Israeli government, including the distribution of a circular to its foreign missions providing a point-by-point rebuttal of

Comparisons between the two countries also have a resonance in South Africa itself. The longstanding identification of apartheid with the racial supremacy theories of the Third Reich has made the experience of the holocaust of particular relevance to the South African issue. Which has made it fitting that South Africa's small Jewish population, as representatives of the victims of the holocaust, should have played a disproportionate role in the battle against apartheid. For instance, of the 12 whites involved in the Rivonia conspiracy—which saw the incarceration of Nelson Mandela, among others

- seven were Jews. At the same time, the fact that for the past two decades Israel has been Pretoria's closest military ally, supplying hardware and technology to build weapons ranging from the Uzi submachine gun to gunboats, missile systems, advanced fighter aircraft and, it is generally believed, the nuclear bomb — has created some angst among many South African Jews, as well as a confusion of attitudes within the anti-apartheid movement to both Jewry and Zionism. But it is a confusion which has been ameliorated, to some extent, by Israeli denunciations of apartheid and racial discrimination, coupled with pro-testations -- bolstered by memories of Nazi genocide - that theirs is a fight for survival itself which excuses any alliance.

Same feelings

It comes, therefore, as a particular shock to have travelled several thousand miles to Israelioccupied territory and feel oneself - standing in Jabalyah refugee camp in the Gaza Strip somehow transported back to Jobannesburg's Alexandra township. There are sufficient differences, of course, to betray the suspicion of space warp, but the similarities are inescapable.

The skins are lighter, but the Palestinians are packed in their thousands — just like the blacks of "Alex" — into squalid hovels breathing the stink of open drains. The troops make their way through the remnants of The Gaza Strip and West street barricades with what is a Bank, like the homelands, are

troops are more confident of invulnerability to rocks and petrol bombs than their South African counterparts in armoured personnel carriers.

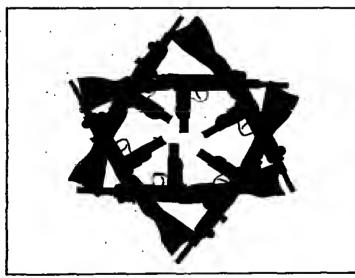
And while their victims do not boast the vicious wounds of the sjambok, they display equally appalling injuries: A 19-year-old boy with a plaster cast on his arm, fractured in two places during a clubbing, and a middle-aged man who strips to show his torso, arms and legs covered with bruising where he has been viciously beaten with batons for protesting at an order to clean up a barricade outside his home.

The feeling of deja vu follows

used as labour reservoirs, the Arah workers commuting to work under a permit system re-miniscent of South Africa's now ahandoned pass laws — being forbidden to stay overnight in Israel itself. But in addition the Palestinian territories are blatantly exploited as captive consumers: They represent Israel's third biggest export market after the U.S. and the EEC — a position which clearly owes something to the discouragement of economic self-sufficiency by the military restrictions on development.

And martial rule in the Gaza Strip and West Bank more than matches South African security laws and emergency legislation. Both bave detention without trial, but where trial is allowed the Israelis have summary courts martial without the right of appeal inherent throughout the South African judicial system. Meetings and demonstrations are severely restricted in South Africa, but banned outright in the

"And behind the superficialities of appearance lies an administration which might even appall the more moderate supporters of the South African government. The Gaza Strip and West Bank, for instance, are sometimes compared with the South African homelands. But whatever the inquities of the Bantustan system and the poverty to be found in those territories, they do not suffer an administration under which Arab water consumption is pegged at levels set more than 20 years ago (a limitation to which Israeli settlers are not subject), in which Arab building is restricted — indeed banned for the last year — and the planting of a tomato, or a tree, by an Arab subject to permit."



one throughout the Gaza Strip and the West Banak, from a stone clanging off the side of our car—hurled by a child reacting not to skin colour, as he would in the townships, but to a yellow number-plate denoting Israeli ownership — to soldiers slouching at road blocks sealing off the camps and steel-shuttered Palestinian shops, closed in the self-sacrificing protest of frustration so reminiscent of South Africa's consumer boycotts.

And behind the superficialities of appearance lies an administration which might even appall the more moderate supporters of the South African government. The Gaza Strip and West Bank, for instance, are sometimes com-pared with the South African homelands. But whatever the iniquities of the Bantustan system and the poverty to be found in those territories, they do not suffer an administration under which Arab water consumption is peg-ged at levels set more than 20 years ago (a limitation to which Israeli settlers are not subject), in which Arab building is restricted

indeed banned for the last year - and the planting of a tomato, or a tree by an Arab subject to

'Pass laws'

Palestinian territories. Membership of "terrorist" organisa-tions is outlawed in both, but here even contact with the PLO is outlawed. The South African businessmen and Afrikaner academics who met the ANC in Dakar and Lusaka would have faced gaol terms under Israeli law for engaging in such a search for peace. And the Israeli authorities indulge in collective punishment and punitary demolition of homes — unheard of in South Africa, at least in terms of official policy.

To all of which many Israelis would protest that the Gaza Strip and West Bank are a special case: Territories occupied in the 1967 war, faithfully administered in terms of the Fourth Geneva Convention, which Israel has no intention, which is a reason in-tention of annexing and which therefore do not qualify for the previleges of Israeli society. But after 21 years of occupation those are, at the very least, moot points. The sight of the red roofs and solid structures of the Israeli

and solid structures of the Israeli "settler" communities in the territories leave one uncertain of the "temporariness" of the occupa-tion. And there is strength in the argument used by Israel's high court of justice just this month, in arguing that the government has a responsibility, if not a legal duty, to introduce the right of appeal in the territories: "Life does not stand still and no power, beacon."

whether an occupier or not, fulfils its duty if it freezes its legislation and fails to advance it with the

But even Israeli society itself has disturbing parallels with South Africa. Of course the dissimilarities are massive. "Israelis" include Arabs who, unlike black South Africans, enjoy the franchise, boast members of parliament and are not subject to discriminatory legislation such as the Group Areas Act. But examine an Israeli identity document and one is struck by that tell-tale sign of official discri-mination. Under "nationality" the document declares one to be

Official discrimination

There are three blatant areas of official discrimination in Israel. One is that the Arabs (with the small exception, for historical reasons, of the Druze) are excluded - as opposed to exempt

- from military service. A second is that, under a complex system of administration involving the World Zionist Organisation and the linked Israeli Land Administration, State land representing about 90 per cent of the land in Israel — can only be used for the "benefit" of Jews. The third is that Arabs do not qualify for the "law of return" by which any Jew may claim citizenship and residence in

Such limitations on Arab rights pale when measured against South African discrimination. Israeli Arabs may anyway be Israeli Arabs may anyway be grateful for the excuse to avoid killing, or being killed by, fellow Arabs. And of contse there are particular — if not excusable — reasons for both the land discrimination and the law of return, stemming from the role of the Zionism in the establishment of the Israeli estate. the Israeli state.

But, distant though the parallel may be, such official discrimination has significance, because it underpins the unofficial discrimination which is only too apparent in Israeli society. Israeli Arabs, like hlack South Africans, Arabs, like flack South Africans, complain incessantly of harassment by the security forces; protest at what they see as inadequate funding of Arab as against Jewish, schools and local authorities; battle to find accommodation in the wealthier residential areas ("for members of the armed forces" is the euphemism used in newspaper advertisements for "Jews only"); are dis-couraged from inter-marriage (it is not possible for a Muslim to marry a Jew in Israel, although foreign marriages, including Mexican postal weddings, are recognised), and face social ostracism in places of public entertainment.

And prejudices are reinforced by public statements from Jewish religious leaders, such as the dec-laration by the Sephardi Chief Rahhi, Mordechai Eliahu: "It is forbidden to sell apartments in Eretz Yisrael — not even one apartment." Or the appalling statement by the leader of Zikhron Ya'akov, Rabbi Yekut Azri'eli, which is effectively a paraphrase of one of the most notorious statements by the architect of apartheid, Hendrik Verwoerd: "The Arab Nation should not be granted education. If they are allowed to raise their heads and will not be in the condition of hewers of wood and drawers of water, we will have a

In 1948 Israel declared its independence with the ringing de-claration that the new nation will be based on the principles of liberty, justice and peace as con-ceived by the prophets of Israel." As such it was intended to be, as in Isaiah, a light to the world. Where civil liberties are concerned, black South Africans may be forgiven for failing to see the

Continued from page one

Regent underlines interest in boosting Soviet-Arab ties

Hussein's continued endeavours to achieve Middle East peace and His Majesty's defence of Arab causes. Kharachev also paid tribute to Prince Hassan's efforts to bolster ties of friendship between the Soviet Union and Jordan and conveyed to the Regent greetings

حكة اسه المعل

from Soviet Muslim scholars. Kharachev voiced support for Prince Hassan's ideas concerning openness and cooperation among various societies, and briefed the Crown Prince on dialogue between state and religion in the Soviet Union.

Kharachev noted that be had met with Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Kbayyat and agreement was reached on Jordanian-Soviet conrdination in religious and cultural affairs. Kharachev and the delegation visited the Martyrs Monument Sunday

Earlier, in a meeting with the Soviet delegation, Upper House of Parliament member Bahjat Talhouni lauded the unique relations hinding the Soviet Union with the Arab Nation in general and Jordan in particular.

Talhouni said Jordan highly appreciates the Soviet Union's stand in support of Arab causes.

Talhouni, chairman of the
Jordanian-Soviet Friendship Society, said Jordan had been

exerting strenuous efforts on the regional and international levels for achieving just and compre-bensive Middle East peace through an international confer-

ence attended by all concerned parties and U.N. Security Council members. He noted that the Soviet Union was a staunch supporter of Jordan's views with

regard to Arab-Israeli peace. Talbouni also referred to Jordanian-Soviet cooperation in parliamentary affairs since 1969 following a Jordanian parliamentary delegation's visit to the Soviet Union.

Kharachev said the King's visit in December to the Soviet Union led to further strengthening of bilateral relations in all fields and resulted in both sides sharing identical views on numerous international and regional issues of

mutual concern.

The Soviet Union realises that Islam is a religion of peace and

justice and it believes in the Arab Nation's sincere endeavours towards just and durable peace in the Middle East, Kharachev said.

He said the Soviet Union also realises that it is Israel that continues to lay obstacles in the path

Kharachev reiterated his country's support for the Palestinian people's struggle.

Kharachev and the delegation were guests of hunour Saturday night at a banquet hosted by Khayyat. Addressing the banquet, Kharachev called for further cooperation between Arab Muslims and Soviet Muslims and said the Soviet government was keen on allowing Soviet Muslims to exercise their religious rights.

Shultz speaks of 'promising package' for Mideast

was still seeking to assess their widely divergent ideas.

"We have not yet reached a stage of give-and-take, of what would you do in exchange for this or that point." Ben-Aharon told reporters.

Syrian stand

On Saturday, Syria told the U.S. official that his proposals for a Middle East settlement were unacceptable. "We did not reach any agree-ment," Shultz said after a three-

hour meeting with Syrian Presi-dent Hafez Al Assad, which fol-lowed a similar meeting in Jordan. Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Sharaa, who also met

with Shultz, said after the discussions: "We expressed our opinion in an open and frank way. No agreement was reached."

After returning to Israel late Saturday, Shultz said he bad not given up hope on his plan.
The idea in negotiations of

this kind is to get people to be realistic." Shultz said. "We are not there yet."

A major obstacle Shultz encountered in trying to work out an agreement Saturday concerned U.S. opposition to the involvement of the Soviet Union and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in negotiations for peace.

Sharaa said the Syrians listened carefully to Shultz's ideas. "A solution to the problem of

the Middle East cannot be reached without the elimination of the Israeli occupation of all safeguarding of Palestinian national rights," Sharaa said. The U.S. plan Shultz is pre-

senting calls for immediate talks on Palestinian "self-rule" and negotiations by December on the final status of the West Bank and Gaza Strip.
"The Syrian side found that

these ideas do not lead to a comprehensive peace formula, Syria's state-run television said. However, U.S. officials accompanying Shultz said Assad had told the secretary that he was willing for further talks.

'Withdrawal as prelude'

The semi-official Egyptian newspaper Al Gomhouriya said Shultz has suggested a limited Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories as a prelude to negotiations in December. It gave no further details and Egypnan officials were not immediately available for comment.

Open daily 12:00-3:30

p.m. 6:30-Midnight

Tel. 638968

U.S. Amhassador Frank Wisner informed Fareign Minister Abdul Meguid about the new American proposals, the news-

paper said without elaborating.
A Palesninian official in Cairo repeated remarks made by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat in Tums Saturday that Shultz's new proposals constituted a new conspira-

cy ignoring Palestinian rights. Zohdi Kudra, head of the PLO office in Cairo, also said in a statement that the Palestinian people in the occupied territories made their position clear to Shultz Saturday when they de-monstrated in the occupied territories demanding their legitimate

"The Palestinian people gave Shultz their reply with their blood when Israeli troops killed four and injured more than 100 people who demonstrated calling for their rights and sovereignty over their own land." Kudra said. "The United States' intransi-

gent position against Palestinian rights proves it is taking the Israeli side and as such a partner in the massacre of the Palestinian people and not a partner in the peace process," Kudra added. To mark the Shultz visit, about

3,000 Israelis attended a rally in Jerusalem Saturday night demanding negotiations on peace between Israel and Palestinians, while hundreds of Israeli rightists held a separate rally.

The rightists, led by members

of the Gush Emunim (bloc of the faithful) settlers movement, oppose ceding any occupied land in exchange for a peace agree-

At one rally four supporters of militant anti-Arab Rabbi Meir Kahane disrupted a speech by Palestinian editor Hanna Siniora, raising the yellow flag of Kahane's parliamentary Kach Party and marching to the

podium. Other people taking part in the discussion at a Jerusalem theatre broke up the demonstration and order was restored.
About 3,000 Israelis attended a

rally organised by the "Peace Now" movement near the home of Shamir. Demonstrators carried banners reading "say yes to the peace initiative.

Speakers urged the govern-ment to trade land for peace, a formula advocated by Shultz, but opposed by Shamir.

Don't permit the peace-refuseniks on both sides to undermine your mission," the organisers wrote in an open letter to Shultz. The group expressed regret that Palestinian leaders refused to attend a meeting with Shultz Friday.

U.S. to keep up efforts

In Washington, an American official said Sunday the United States would pursue a settlement in the Arab-Israeli conflict even if Shultz's trip to the region fails to make significant progress.

Rozanne Ridgway, assistant secretary of state, also said in a television interview that U.S. support for Israel has not wavered in the face of 11 weeks of violence in the Israeli-occupied Gaza and West Bank.

Israel has come under internanonal criticism for its handling of the uprising, especially its policy of beating protesters. The United States has called for restraint and attacked some Israeli actions, but its crincism has not been as harsh

as that of many other countries. When asked if U.S. policy toward Israel would change because of its handling of the vio-lence, she said: "I have no indica-

non of that. "We must be very balanced and broad in considering this issue. This is not something that has one side or two sides. It has lots of sides and lots of history and it is very important for the United States that it be done properly and that we not swing

back and forth. "Israel is a friend and we have deep and abiding ties and we understand the situation there," she added.

Ridgway said the peace process was complicated and suggested Shultz would not make significant progress on his trip.
"I think this is not something

that is just going to be done in a few days this week." she said.

"Shultz is determined to go through every detail and every prospect that is available to us, to keep talking to as many people who are willing to continue talking to him, until he has sifted through all the possibilities and assured himself that there is not some way to move forward," she

"I'm confident he is going to keep working at this until there is nothing more to be gained."

Settlers, soldiers storm village, kill 3

Victim recounts beating

One of the two Palestinians who was filmed by CBS as Israeli soldiers systematically beat him said Sunday that one of the soldiers hit him on the head with a helmet inscribed in English "born to kill"

"I asked him his name," said 21-year-old Osama Judi. 'He showed me (the inscription) and then he began to beat me with the

A CBS news crew surreptitiously filmed on a hillside in Nablus as soldiers heat Osama and his 17-year-old cousin Wa'il

Judi for 40 minutes Thursday.

The film, in which soldiers kicked the two Palestinians and hit them repeatedly with a rock, caused an uproar in the United States and Europe.

Wadi Saqra Road - near Traffic

Bridge

Amman, Jordan

Tel: 661922

they had thrown stones at the soldiers, but a CBS employee who saw the incident said they were part of a large group battling the soldiers.

Israel's West Bank commander, Major-General Amram Mitzna. Sunday forced officers to watch the film and vowed the army would not become "a mob

The soldiers caught Wa'il first and began to beat him, the two said in an interview with Reuters.

"Then they caught me." Osama said. "They said 'we'll break your hand, we'll break your body'... the rest you saw on television."

Osama studied computers be-fore his college was closed be-cause of the uprising. He said he

had never been arrested before. Wa'il, a secondary school stu-Both Osama and Wa'il denied dent, was imprisoned twice in the past two years for throwing stones, he said.

> The two said they were herding the family's goats and sheep home Thursday when they met the soldiers. Other Palestinians had been throwing stones from another hill at about the same time, they added.

Each young man had a badly bruised arm — one was in a sling.

After the beating, they were brought to an Israeli jeep and taken to two different prisons.

"There is something impor-tant," said Osama. "When we were hrought to the car, another soldier, when he saw our bodies and the blood, he began to cry."







specialities

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

p.m. 6:30 - Midnight



Call 667171-6

670141-4

ext. 223



Katarina Witt

Winter Olympics close with dazzling colours

CALGARY (AP) — The Winter Olympics, which opened with a folksy salute to Canadian traditions, was to close Sunday with a high-tech burst of glitz and colour on an outdoor skating rink.

Springlike temperatures of recent days threatened to fizzle the finale, but the weather promised to oblige. The show will be illuminated

from a computer-controlled lighting system made up of thousands of powerful bulbs mounted on four towers seven stories tall.

"This is it. This is the biggest show in the world. How many other shows play to 2.5 billion people?" said Marc Raymond. handling the lighting of the show at McMahon Stadium. "It's going to be a burst of colour.'

Just as they did with the opening ceremony, organisers are keeping details of the closing a

What is known is that it involves hundreds of skaters, including U.S. Olympic gold medal-lists Durothy Hamill and Scott Hamilton and Canada's Toller

There also will be fireworks, a There also will be fireworks, a flag exchange between the mayor of Calgary and the mayor of Albertville, France — site of the 1992 Winter Games. The Olympic flame which burned for 16 days also will be extinguished. The ice inside McMahon stadium had to be protected from several days of 10-degree C (60-degree F) weather by a layer of plastic foam.

The skaters weren't worried about the condition of the ice, but the possibility that winds would bamper their jumps and spins, said Leanne Pockar, an assistant working on the programme.

Windy conditions are very hard to deal with for skaters in a choreographed programme. With the costumes the skaters are wearing, a strong wind would make it very difficult for them to get into position quick enough,' she said. "We can bandle any-

thing but the wind." Forecasts called for temperatures around freezing (32 degrees F) and for moderate winds of Cranston, a bronze medallist in about 16 kilometres per hour.

Mayotte to defend indoor title against Fitzgerald

PHILADELPHIA (R) — Defending champion Tim Mayotte Mayotte of the U.S. and 16th seed John Fitzgerald of Australia posted straight set victories Saturday to U.S. Pro Indoor tennis cham- 6-2, 7-5.

command of English.

Mayotte, the second seed, recovered from 2-5 down in the second set to avoid a third set and eliminate sixth-seeded South reach the final of the \$602,500- African Christo van Ransburg

CAR FOR SALE

Honda Civic 1986 model, automatic transmission, power steering with other additions including an air-condition. Mileage 18,000 kilometres Colour silver-metallic. DUTY UNPAID. Asking

DRIVER NEEDED

A full time driver is needed to work from

8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. He must have a good

For information please write to P.O. Box

925967, Amman.

For information call 787470 or 787467 after 10 a.m.

Tomba and Witt emerge as king of snow and ice queen at Calgary

CALGARY (Agencies) — Alberto Tomba and Katarina Witt have emerged as the uncrowned snow king and ice queen of the Calgary Olympics, which end Sunday in a dazzling burst of colour.

Each, though, had to fight off daring rivals Saturday to protect ing won the bearts of his Italian

Tomba, gold medalist in the giant slalom, defeated Frank Woerndl of West Germany Saturday by a bare six-hundredths of a second in the closest slalom race in Olympic history.

Witt managed to hang on to her Olympic championsbip Saturday night although she was outperformed in ber strongest discipline — the free skate — by Canada's surprising Liz Manley, the darling of the hometown crowd who had been expected to finish no higher than third.

Competition was to end Sunday, fair weather or foul, with the finals of the four-man bobsled, the wind-disrupted individual Nordic combined, ice bockey contests to decide the silver and bronze medals after the Soviets clinched the gold, and women's 5,000-metre speed skating.

The closing ceremony was set for 7:30 p.m. (0230 GMT Monday).

Because gusting winds made ski jumping too dangerous Saturday, both the jumping and cross-country legs of the Nordic combined were being run on the final

day — or not at all.

The Soviet Union, shut out of medals for the second time in as medals for the second time in as many days, still was looking for one more to beat its record haul of 27 set at Inssbruck in 1976. Witt's gold and a silver and bronze in speed skating raised the tally of second-place East Germans to 22, including nine golds. Pirmin Zubriggen of Switzerland originally seen as a conten-

land, originally seen as a conten-der to beat the triple gold medal performances of Austria's Tony Sailer and France's Jean-Claude Killy in past Olympics, finished seventh in Saturday's slalom, leaving him with one gold in the downhill and a bronze in the giant

The 21-year-old Tomba, subjugated the giant slalom and slalom

Thomas, deposed as world champion by Witt last year, made a couple of telling mistakes in her routine to music from the same opera and dropped to third as

Manley sprang the surprise of the night to snatch silver.

Norwegian Sonja Henie was the last and only other woman to retain the title when she collected her third successive gold in 1936. countrymen, looked forward Saturday to a "sleepless night" of celebration and a meeting with "I believe I had the stronger "She is very nice and I really want to meet her," said Tomba,

nerves." Witt said as she clutched a bouquet of long-stemmed roses and talked with an East German television interviewer. "It happened like this last year at the

world championships."
She congratulated Manley "for skating so well in front of her bome crowd" and said ber coach.

1988 Winter Olympics

On Saturday night, he got his meeting with the 22-year-old Witt at the Olympic Saddledome.

who once more demonstrated his

knack for getting what he wants. Tomba 'la Bomba'' (the bomb)

has the promise of that, too.

But the backstage encounter, in front of a television camera, lacked storybook quality. Botb were seen exchanging polite greetings through Carlo Fassi, a former Italian figure skating star who is now a U.S. coach. "I couldn't understand bim be-

cause he spoke Italian, but it was fun to meet him," Witt remarked of Tomba.

"I don't think be knew much about figure skating," she added. "But then I don't know much about bis sport either."

Witt, dressed in her tight red and black skating costume, broke off the chat to watch the long programme of American Debi Thomas, who up to then bad been regarded as Witt's main

As it turned out, Witt out-carmened Thomas and Manley outjumped Witt in Saturday night's long programme. Witt, though, won her second-straight gold on the basis of better scores in the compulsories and short programme. The East German world cham-

pion superbly executed routine to the opera "Carmen" which the American could not match in a free skating final billed as a battle for gold between the two.

wanted at least two medals and got them. He wanted a red Ferrari from his wealthy father and

> Jutta Mueller, deserves the "greatest share for my success." "And of course, my parents supported me all the way. They gave up a lot. 1 believe this

victory pays them back a little." A downcast Thomas, waiting for her marks, told coach Alex McGowan: "It's over. Back to

She later added: "I'm not going to make any excuses. I was really skating well this week. It wasn't supposed to bappen, I guess. But Manley was so sensational in-

the freestyle that she finished first with seven judges. Because she was only fourth in compulsory figures and third in the short programme, however, she only took the silver medal. Sweden's Gunde Syan, winner

of four medals in 1984, reaped record of I:59.30 that the E second gold as he won the German established in 1986.

fending champion, won silver, giv-ing her eight medals overall in three Olympics — the most ever by a female speed skater. Her teammate Andrea Ehrig was third in the

— Defending champion Wolfgang Hoppe of East Germany took a 0.53 seconds lead after the first two of four heats in the four-man bobsled competition. Soviet driver Janis Kipours, who upset Hoppe in last weekend's two-man event, was second.

Van Gennip's victory was her second of the games — she also won Tuesday's 3,000 metres — and leaves her poised to join Finland's Matth Nykaenen as the only triple gold medallists here by winning Sunday's 5,000 metres.

In bockey, Canada kept slim medal bopes alive with a 6-3 victory over Czechoslovakia, already out of medal contention. The Soviet Union clinched its

seventb hockey gold in nine Olympics Friday night. Van Gennip's time beat the mark of 2:03.42 set by Kania in 1984 but was sbort of the world record of 1:59.30 that the East

Switzerland takes bobsled gold

CALGARY (AP) - Swiss veteran Ekkehard Fasser upset defending gold medallist Wolfgang Hoppe of East Germany to win the gold medal in the four-man bobsled Sunday at the Winter Olympics. Hoppe took the silver medal and Janis Kipours of the Soviet Uninn claimed the bronze by nipping Brent Rushlaw of the United States by two-hundredths of a second.

The bronze gave the Soviets their 28th medal of the games, a Winter Olympics record. East Germany is second with 23 medals, and the Swiss are third with 14. This was their first non-Alpine



Alberto Tomba

MEDAL TABLE

CALGARY (AP) — Total medals after events Saturday, 14th full day of competition at the Winter Olympics (includes Soviet gold in hockey, in which the silver and bronze remain to be

Nation	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
The Soviet Union	II	9	7	27
East Germany	9	g	5	22
Switzerland	3	5	5	13
Austria	3	4	2	9
West Germany	2	4	2	8
Finland	4	0	2	ě.
The Netherlands	2	2	2	6
The United States	2	1	3	6
Sweden	4	Ô	. 1	5
Italy	2	1	2	5
Norway	0	3	2	5
Canada	0	2	3	5
Yugoslavia	0	. 2	1	3
Czecboslovakia	0	1	2	3
France	I	•0	1	2
Japan	. 0	.0	Ĩ	ī
Liechtenstein	0	0.	. 1	1
				

Barcelona scores upset victory

MADRID (R) — Two goals by the striker ahead of Barcelona's who found home advantage no maintains Lineker helped Barcelona stage an upset win against Atletico Madrid while Spanish soccer league leaders Real Madrid were held to an away draw by Seville.

Barcelona's win Saturday was a big blow for second-placed Atletico's hopes of catching up with Real who, despite stumbling against Seville, now sit on a comfortable six-point lead. Barcelona, who had looked in

danger of being overwhelmed in the first balf hour, came alive in dramataic fashion in the 31st minute when West German midfielder Bernd Schuster broke away down the left wing before crossing the ball for Lineker to slam into the net from close quarters.

Eight minutes later Lineker came close to scoring again with a shot from just inside the penalty area but Atletico's goalkeeper Abel Resino managed to deflect the ball for a corner.

Atletico's attacking trio of Julio Salinas, Marcos Alonso and Portuguese star Paolo Futre, who had looked dangerous in the opening stages were unable to find a winning combination. Lineker put the result beyond

contention 10 minutes after the interval when he took advantage of a mistake by Atletico defender Juan Arteche to break through and fire a sbot past Resino. Barcelona coach Luis Aragones pulled off Lineker to rest

a.m. - 1 p.m., 4 p.m. - 7 p.m.

clash away against Bayern Leverkusen next week.

Former Real player Cholo Ruiz belped put Seville ahead against the champions after half an hour with a shot which Real goalie Paco Buyo fumbled and dropped before Seville striker Jose Salguero pounced and netted the ball.

Real midfield star Emilio Bnitragueno scored a brilliant equaliser sbortly after the interval, running on to a pass from Gordillo and sending a rising shot past

Seville's goalkeeper.

Despite taking complete command of the midfield, Real, who face Bayern Munich in a European Cup quarterfinal next week, could not clinch the winner

against a determined Seville side. Three goals by Sebastian Losada, on loan from Real Madrid, helped sweep Espanol to a 4-2 victory over Real Valladolid.

France

In Paris, Matra Racing Paris went second, overtaking Bordeaux, with a 1-0 home victory over Lens Saturday in the French soccer league.

The win moved them to within three points of leaders Monaco, who managed only a goalless draw Friday.

Ben Mabrouk scored the goal that beat lowly Lens and nudged Racing Paris ahead of Bordeaux,

0-0 by Paris Saint-Germain.

Bordeaux's international midfielder Jose Toure was taken to bospital after a seventh-minute clash of heads and the European Cup quarter-finalists failed to recover from the early blow.

League leaders Monaco have made a disappointing start to the second half of the French season. In the first game after the winter break last week they draw 0-0 at Niort and they surrendered another point at Laval Friday

Napoli

ROME (R) - A single goal from Bruno Giordano at Pescara ensured defending champions Napoli kept their fivepoint lead at the top of the Italian First Division Sunday,

But A.C. Milan stayed in contention with a 2-1 win over Sampdoria, in spite of playing without their European Foot-baller of the Year Ruud Gullit. The Dutchman was serving a

FUROREANSO CERRORIES

Marseille, France's other European survivors who play Finnish club Rovaniemen Palloseura Tuesday in the Cup Winners' Cup, took over fifth place with a 1-0 win at Saint-Etienne, now only one place above them.

West German Bernd Foerster, with a fierce 20-metre drive, scored Marseille's winner. On an evening when nine

matches produced just 14 goals, the bighest scoring game involved Brest and le Havre, the two sides propping up the first division. Brest beat the Bottom club 3-1,

driving le Havre closer to relegation while lifting them towards safety. They are now just one point behind Paris Saint-Ger-

Giordano secured Napoli's 1-0 win with his goal in the 40th o win with his goal in the 40th minute, frustrating local hopes that a predicted sign from the Virgin Mary, which brought thousands of pilgrims to Pescara Sunday, would also bring fortune to their football team. In the event, both the pil-grims and the local football

fans were disappninted as neither prediction was fulfilled. Milan's goals came from Antonio Virdis in the seventh minute and Paolo Maldini in the 70th after Fulvin Bonomi

had equalised for Sampdoria in the 17th.

Third-placed Roma won 2-0 at home to Juventus.

Navratilova, Shriver clash in Washington finals

WASHINGTON (R) — Top seed Martina Navratilova defeated fourth-seeded Australian Hana Mandlikova, the defending champion, 6-4, 6-2 Saturday to set up a final against doubles partner Pam Shriver of the U.S. at the \$300,000 Washington tennis tournament.

Shriver, seeded second, earlier eliminated third-seeded Argentine Gabriela Sabatini 7-5, 7-6 in the other semifinal.

Navratilova, number two in the world, took the first four games of the match, breaking Mandlikova in the first game on a double-fault and in the third with wellplaced return.

Mandlikova got one service break back in the sixth game, but Navratilova served out the set, bolding off two break points in the I2th game. Navratilova, winner of titles in

Dallas and Oakland this year,

broke Mandlikova in the third and fifth games of the second set and was never threatened on her Navratilova, who has an over-whelming 35-3 lifetime record against Shriver, was not satisfied

with her showing. "Beating Hana is good, but I don't think I played that well. I didn't serve as well as I wanted to, but I think the big difference

was that my second serve is better than bers," said Navratilova.

Martina Navratilova

Shriver, ranked No. 4 in the world, fired seven aces in eliminating the third-seeded Sabatini in one hour, 37 minutes. Shriver lost her serve twice in the first five games, but held the rest of the way to dispose of the 17-yearold Argentine.

Shriver opened the match by blowing a drop shot at 30-40 to fall behind, but broke serve twice to take a 3-1 lead. Sabatini then registered another break, and the players stayed on serve until the final game of the set. Down 5-6. Sabatini misfired on

three straight backhands to dig berself into a 0-40 hole. She battled back to get to deuce, but then hit a forehand that soared past the baseline to give Shriver her fourth set point.

Porsche car for sale

Porsche 924, temporary admission, 1980 model, in very good condition, CUSTOMS DUTY UNPAID, for sale or exchange for a plot of land or for another car whose customs duty is unpaid from model 1985 and above.

For Information pls call 648007 after 3 p.m.

Tel: 677420 Cinema CONCORD DEADLY FRIEND Performances 3, 30, 6,00, 8, 30, 10,30

Tel: 625155 RAINBOW SOON !!!

FOR RENT

Defuxe furnished apartment in Shmeisani behind the Arab

Bank, consisting of two bedrooms, a joint living and dining

room, fully carpeted, centrally heated, with tel. & col. T.V.

If interested, contact Tel. No. 666987 daily from 8

TO OPEN WITH THE **BEST OF 1988 FILMS**



FOR RENT

- Furnished ground floor flat consisting of two bedrooms, two

bathrooms, two salons, a lounge and two verandas with garden, telephone and central heating.

2- First floor consisting of three bedrooms, lounge, salon, two

Location: Jabal Amman - Fourth Circle, opposite Cameo Hotel. For more information call 641456.

verandas, with telephone and central heating.

Cinema Tel: 677420 PLAZA **HOT MOVES**

Egyptian tourism minister departs

AMMAN (Petra + J.T.) gyptian Tourism Minister Fuad tan Sunday ended a four-day it to Jordan and left for home. During the visit, the minister met with Jordanian Tourism. Minister Zuhair Ajlouni and other officials and discussed with them Jordanian-Egyptian cooperation in tourism-related affairs. In a statement, quoted by the

local press Sunday, Sultan said

AMMAN (Petra) — A Jordanian Chimpany which prepares and markets poultry meat has won a

year government concession

set up and operate poultry saughternouses in the Kingdom,

in accordance with an agreement

pany will ahide by government regulations and specifications for its operations and for selling

poultry meat at government-

The company will also be emp-

owered to set up its own centres

for grading and selling table eggs

istered 42 contracts.

shares changing hands.

Under the agreement, the com-

signed in Amman Sunday.

approved centres.

that Jordan and Egypt are cur-rently involved in setting up a rent aspects of promoting the joint tourist company with a \$40 million capital.

Sultan said that the private sector in both countries will be allowed to own shares in the projected company in which Jordan and Egypt will hold equal contributions

Sultan said that he held very fruitful meetings with Ajlouni

within the company's concession

According to the agreement,

the minister of supply will fix the prices which the company will

abide by in bnying and selling

poultry meat and table eggs.

The agreement stipulates that

the company's margin of net pro-fit should range between six and 12 per cent to enable the com-

pany to distribute dividends to

The agreement provides for the

government to supervise the

work of the company and main-

tain control over its administra-

Local firm wins concession to prepare,

market poultry meat and table eggs

shareholders.

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

AMMAN (I.T.) — Trading exceeded half-a-million dinars Sunday as some heat warmed up activities at the market.

Jordan-Gulf Real Estate Investments accounted for 180,563

shares valued at JD 59,586 out of the overall trading of 473,289

shares amounting to JD 521,306. However, the real estate

company, at 39, ranked second in terms of number of contracts

after Intermediate Petrochemical Industries (IPI) which reg-

Other companies which recorded a high volume of trade were

Cairo-Amman Bank at JD 60.143; Petra Bank at JD 56,150, the National Steel Industries at JD 47,753 and IPI at JD 37,072.

Jordan Lime and Silicate Brick Industries recorded 48,750 of

Prices were mostly steady except for Cairo-Amman Bank

shares which traded as high as JD 30.000 and as low as JD 29.250.

Trading in development bonds was minimal involving 400 bonds at a value of JD 4,100.

At the parallel market, 3,732 shares were traded for a total of

YOUR HOROSCOPE

thing this morning. Show your mate you are loyal and devoted.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) A friend who is usually quite suppor-

more self-relient. Enjoy a favorite

hobby this evening. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) If

you want to meet with a powerful person, the evening is the best time for this. Be sure to obey all rules and regulations which apply to you.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Don't try to drop in on anyone mexpectedly, as they would not appreciate the surprise; if you pay a visit, make an appointment.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Don't expect, or insist on, much attention from your mate during the day, as this person is very busy, but the evening should be romantic.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You can get out of an unsatisfactory arrangement with an associate

tory arrangement with an associate if you use some tact and humor.

Don't risk your reputation tonight.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Your

work may begin ou an unhappy note this morning, but muddle

through and you can accomplish a great deal by the end of the day.

--- From the Carroll Righter Institute

Shares of 53 companies were traded Sunday.

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1988

GENERAL TENDENCIES: If

you reorganize your daily schedule, be sure to leave room for unex-pected extra duties. A benign and happy atmosphere will continue throughout the day, improving

your mood considerably.
ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Don't let anyone interfere with your desire to use your creative talents.
Don't take any risks or jeopardize

Don't take any risks or jeopartize your safety in any way.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) If you've made plans for an activity with your family, changing them at this late date could cause considerable discord at home.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Get

your shoping and estants mission early today, even if they are a little harder than you had thought. Take care of important communications.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) You can gat some fine results if you follow the suggestions of a financial adviser. Pursue an important personal desirs tonight.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Work on improving your amonganes, then

improving your appearance, then get out socially tonight for a great time with friends. Don't let anyoue

ruin your wonderful mood. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A

covert activity requires your im-

THE Daily Crossword by Martin J. Do Witt

your shopping and errands fir

rent aspects of promoting the tourism industry in Egypt and Jordan through initiating joint ventures.

Sultan also took part in a Jordanian-Egyptian businessmen meeting held in Aqaha last Thursday. Ajlouni and other Jordanian officials were at the airport to bid farewell to Sultan and his accompanying delegation.

tive and financial operations. In

return, the government will not

issue licences for any poultry farm to produce poultry meat or table eggs except after obtaining

the company's approval and in light of the interests of the nation-

The government also pledges to refrain from importing poultry

meat or table eggs except when local production becomes incap-

able of meeting the market's

needs. In this case, the company will be entrusted with the task of

importing defined quantities for

The company, in return, will

undertake the process of sup-

plying the local markets with

poultry meat and table eggs and,

according to the terms of the

agreement, it will have seven

years to carry out its projects which include setting up five

slanghterhouses and three centres

Local farmers will supply the

company with poultry meat and eggs which will be graded, packed

and distributed by the company

in the local market through a

As to the existing poultry slaughterhouses, they will be purchased by the company within the seven-year period.

The agreement was signed for

the government by Industry, Trade and Supply Minister Ham-di Tabbaa and for the company

by the chairman of its board,

The company, which was established in September last

year, with an initial JD 9 million

capital has already embarked on

setting up a poultry slaughter-

region. This slaughterhouse

which will be operational early

next year will have a daily pro-

duction capacity of 30 tonnes.

Exports to Iraq total JD 67.9m

AMMAN (J.T.) --- Jordan's total

exports to Iraq in 1987 were worth JD 67.91 million according

to Al Dustour newspaper quoting

sources at the Amman Chamber

of Industry. The paper said these exports included leather and plas-

tic products, medicines, chemic-

als, engineering and electrical ap-

pliances as well as furniture,

Salem Al Lawzi.

number of marketing centres.

for grading table eggs.

Ghor Safi, 3 nearby villages to spend JD 23m in five years

KARAK (Petra) — A total of JD 22.928 million will he spent on development schemes in the southern Jordan Valley regions between 1986 and 1990, according to Ghor Safi District Governor Abdul

He said that the projects are intended to enable local inhabitants increase their income through developing agriculture and exploiting the imderground water resources. Out of this sum, he said, a total of JD 19.583 million will be spent

on electric and agricultural projects in the district. Malahmeh noted that the southern Jordan Valley regions include the Ghor Safi town and the villages of Fifa, Diraa and Ghor Mazraa.

AMO notifies agricultural traders of import export plan for March

AMMAN (Petra) — The Agricultural Marketing Organisation (AMO) Sunday issued a bulletin in which it named the types of vegetables and fruits which can be exported or imported by Jordan

during the coming month. It said that merchants can export all types of vegetables and fruits and can import all agricultural products except sage, dates and chestnats. The hulletin made it clear that imports of apples, onions, garlic can only be transacted through the Jordanian Marketing and Processing Company.

Income tax course explains new procedures for deductions, returns

AMMAN (J.T.) — A three-day training course was held recently at the Department of Income Tax for some of the department's employees. Accountants working in the public and private sectors were also invited.

According to "Tax Brief," a hulletin published by the accounting firm Dajani and Alaeddin, the aim of the training session was to explain the procedures for the deduction of payroll taxes and the completing of individual tax returns to help save time and effort for both the department

and the employers.

The training was held in light of the recent regulation No. (1) of 1987 which was issued to amend regulation No. (8) of 1985. As a result of the new regulation, all employees whose income exceeds JD 100 per month if single, nr JD 200 per month if married are liable to submit annual selfassessment returns starting 1986.

The prior regulation No. (8) of 1985 had temporarily exempted the fullowing categories from submitting the self-assessment re-

A — Employees whose source of income is limited to one em-B -- Taxpayers whose source

of income is limited to one vehicle or one car. C - Taxpayers whose source

of income is limited to commerce and whose capital is less than JD

The new regulation amending item (A) above is reproduced as

"Resident employees who eniny all or some of the exemptions stated in articles (13 & 14) of the Income Tax Law No. (57) of 1985 and whose source of income is from one employer and does not exceed on a monthly basis JD (100) if single or JD (200) if

Prominent Jordanian economist attends international forum

AMMAN (J.T.) — The president of the Arab Society of Certified Accountants (ASCA) "Jordan", Talal Abu-Ghazaleh will depart Monday to Dusseldorf, Federal Republic of Germany, heading ASCA's first delegation to the board meeting of the International Accounting Standards Committee (IASC) that will be held March 1

The participation in this international body, which is the highest authority for setting and developing accounting standards worldwide, is one of ASCA's major achievements.

ASCA was elected to the board of the IASC during the last IFAC's international congress, in Tokyo in October 1987 with the participa-

international congress, in Tokyo in October 1987 with the participation of 99 accounting hodies from 74 countries.

The Arab Society of Certified Accountants (ASCA) "Jordan" aims through its participation in the board of this internationally important committee to establish an effective Arab presence.

ASCA delegates include: Fouad Alaeddin of Arthur Anderson & Co. and Munir Al-Borno of Talal Abu-Ghazaleh & Co.

On the agenda of IASC Board discussions are reports by the

specialised subcommittee nn financial reporting and comparisons. They will also discuss forming a subcommittee for the harmonisation of application of accounting standards worldwide and the work plan for the coming five years.

School projects in Salt likely to cost JD 1.5m

SALT (Petra) — The overall cost of schools and educational centres, currently under construction in the Balqa Governorate is esti-mated at JD 1.5 million. Balqa education department director Sa'oud Mahmoud said these projects, scheduled to be completed during the current year, comprise four secondary schools for boys and another nne for girls in addition to expanding the premises of the Salt Valley Preparatory

Municipalities get loan to open. pave new roads

SALT (Petra) — The Cities and Villages Development Bank has agreed to grant a JD 25,000 loan to municipal councils of Hindeib and Za'atari districts of Balga Governorate. The loan will be utilised to open and pave new agricultural roads in the twn dis-

Jordan to take part in conference on administration

AMMAN (Petra) — Institute of Public Administration (IPA) Director Abdullah Ulayyan left for Cairo Sunday to take part in a conference on administrative development in the Arah World.

Ulayyan said he would present to the conference a working paper on training leaders of manpower management and Jordan's experiment in conducting seminars-

in higher public administration. While in Cairo, Ulayyan will sign the statute of a newly formed Arab society of specialists in administrative development which will open a branch in Amman next year.

Minister passes Grandal, Mu'ab 1988 budgets

TAFILEH (Petra) — Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Minister Yousef Jabon 5000 has approved of a JD 50,000 hudget for Grandal municipal council in the Tafileh district.

Grandal Mayor Mohammad Ghanem said that the funds will be spent on purchases of land for public use, lighting streets, and

building water reservoirs.

The minister also approved of a JD 112,319 hudget for the Mu'ah municipal council in the sonthern resions of Jordan The Market regions of Jordan. The Mu'ab funds will be spent on road building, purchases of land for public use and other municipal services.

The minister also approved tenders for huilding and asphalt-ing roads at the cost of JD 59,500 in the Karak and Ajloun govemorates.

GATT predicts 4% growth in world trade during 1988

GENEVA (R) — International trade, led by a sharp rise in shipments of manufactured goods, grew by four per cent last year and seemed set to match that rate again in 1988, the world trade body GATT reported Monday.

Agricultural trade surges

Exports of agricultural pro-

ducts rose by an estimated four

per cent in volume — after a nne per cent decline in 1986 — for the

strongest gain nn a volume basis

more than offset a marginal de-

cline in trade in mining products in 1987," the report said. A drop

sharp recovery in prices, largely

accounted for the decline in over-

Global agricultural production

1950. This was partly due to

lower market prices, lower sup-

Japan and China increased

their agricultural imports sub-

stantially, the GATT economists said, hut gave no figures.

U.S. import of manufactured goods slowed in 1987, the report

added, hnt again gave no figure. The growth rate in merchandise

trade increased hy a modest 2.5

per cent against a whopping 11

U.S. exports rose by 11.5 per

West German imports of mer-

chandise expanded by 5.5 per

cent, against 6.5 the previous

year, while exports rose by three per cent against 1.5 per cent in

Impurt volumes expanded

and Australia.

per cent the previous year.

all trade of mining products.

'These two developments

petroleum trade, due to a

since 1981

The forecast was made "barring a further upheaval in financial markets or a serious recession in the United States," the annual report by economists of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) said.

The 1987 growth rate of four per cent marked a slight improvement nn the 3.5 per cent in the previnus year, and was the second strongest annual increase this decade.

Damage_to consumer and investor confidence after the stock market crisis of last October appeared less severe than nriginally forecast, the report said.

declined by an estimated three per cent — for the first time since Developments in world stock markets since October do nnt seem to have had any immediate adverse effect on world trade." port prices and supply control measures for cereal and dairy Richard Blackhurst, GATT chief economist, told Renters. products in some nations.

Rather, available data suggested that the jump in merchandise trade in the fourth quarter of 1987 exceeded the average rise for the first three quarters.

The value of merchandise exports last year leapt by 15.5 per cent to a record \$2,450 billion.

This reflected trade expansion, as well as an increase in the value of the U.S. currency and higher dollar prices for petroleum and other primary commodities, the report said.

Referring to the huge U.S. current account deficit and surpluses in Japan and West Germany, the report said; "If 1988 sees progress in reducing the large current account imbalances, there would be an added boost to investor confidence in the functioning of the world economy."

rapidly in Portugal and Spain, new members of the 12-member The increase in the volume of European Community. Preliminary data indicated sigworld commerce in 1987 was led nificant declines in import by a five per cent increase in trade in manufactures, against 3.5 per cent the previous year. volumes in Norway, Denmark

Analysts expect further decline in price of oil

NEW YORK (R) — Crude oil short-term. At that point there prices, which fell by around \$1 a may be renewed interest to buy," said Ray Marchica, oil futures another 50 cents in the coming week due to abundant world sup-

plies, analysts say.

The U.S. benchmark grade of crude oil, West Texas Intermediate, closed at a 1988 low of \$15.78 a barrel Friday for April contracts traded on the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX).

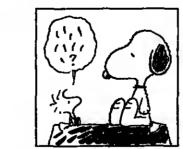
Over the past week the April

Over the past week, the April contract lost 92 cents a barrel.

Investor Services.
In Europe, widely traded Brent field crude from the North Sea Brent ended Friday at \$14.47 a

harrel for immediate delivery its lowest since November, 1986 - and \$14.95 for April contracts. Marchica and other U.S. analysts said, however, they did not expect either a majnr slide in

doors and kitchens.





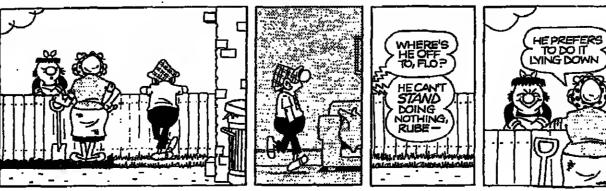




Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp



Peanuts



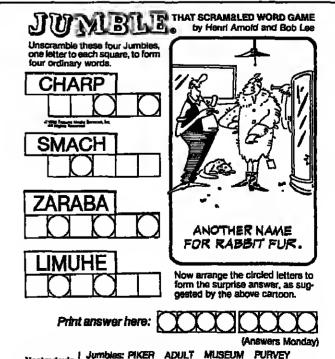








"He got up at 5:00 AM to go jogging. He poured hot coffee in his sneakers to wake up his feet."



Jumbles: PIKER ADULT MUSEUM PURVEY Answer: What they called that great magician— A SUPER "DUPER"

LE

Nerd rais

26 Carried on 27 Helped 31 Drinking orgy 34 Tubes 35 Ringlets 37 A Gabor

Saturday's Puzzle Solved:

ANTI SIDE SOS
HATTICO DETISA
SOMO BARCA
SOW BARCA MATTY
THEROTZERO MARS
SIME ENLISE MARS
PORT DETER STEE

8 Legible 10 Indians 11 Rush motorisi 12 Blood vessel

Philippine rebels kill 13, spark massive offensive

By Ruben Alabastro

MANILA — Communist rebels killed 13 of the Philippine's elite anti-guerrilla scout rangers on a remote mountain road in the year's bloodiest rebel strike, military reports said.

The attack Saturday sparked a three encounters in Bicol where massive "search and destroy" operation by troops and helicopters rushed to the Bicol region on the southern tip of the main island 'Luzon.

Rebels blew up the army truck with a battery-operated landmine in the mountains of Albay pro-320-km south-east of

"All 13 were wiped out. Now we're trying to seal off the villages to prevent their (the rebels') escape," area Chief of Staff Colonel Romulo Yap said by tele-

The military casualties were the highest in a single incident this year.

It came a week after govern-ment troops killed 14 rebels in

the communist New People's Army (NPA). The army poured several battalions into the area late last year after rebels blew up bridges and

power pylons and hijacked a passenger train.
The 13 soldiers, all members of the elite anti-guerrilla Scout Ranger Battalion, were led by a lieutenant, son of the northern

many of the interior villages are

known to be rebel strongholds in

the 19-year insurgency waged by

Luzon military commander, Brigadier-General Felix Brawner. Brawner flew in to collect his son's body Sunday, Yap said. In another incident, a civilian

was killed and seven people wounded Saturday when a team

Angola to justify its military in-volvement and refusal to grant independence to neighbouring.

South African-controlled

Cuban President Fidel Castro

hinted over the weekend at a possible quick Cuban pullout from Angola if Washington and

Pretoria stopped hacking UNITA

and cleared the way for Nami-

steps will be taken to overcome

Pretoria was ready to attend an

all-party conference on Angola-

Namibia hnt indicated it first

wanted firm assurances of a

In the interview, Castro said

officer of Gulfstream Aerospace

Corp. of Savannah, Georgia,

mannfacturers of the record

"Everything couldn't have been better. The winds were

cooperative. We had a redline all

around the world," the 65-year-

breaking aircraft.

"I think that in the near future

bia's independence.

lan capital of Luanda.

Cuban withdrawal.

of soldiers and a militia unit fired on each other in a village on central Negros Island, the Philippine News Agency reported. Each side thought the other

was an NPA squad. On Mindanao, Colonel Antonio Nale denied reports in Manila newspapers that 150 people were killed in clashes Friday between warring Muslim families in Lanao Del Sur province on the southern island. Nale said the only incident was a shootout between soldiers and Muslim separatists

Southern commander Major-General Cesar Tapia dismissed as "all rhetoric and propaganda" reports that the Moro National Liberation Front was preparing to resume the largely dormant separatist rebellion.

which left six Muslims dead.

"We have very good relations with their (MNLF) commanders so I don't expect trouble," Tapia told reporters.

A government-MNLF truce has been in effect in the area since last year, marred occa-sionally by small-scale clashes.



directing Wu Tao who plays the emperor Pu Globes (Best Film, Best Director, Best Script, Yi as an adolescent. The film on the life of the Best Original Score), nine Oscar nominations, man who went from ruling China at the age of and box office records smashed across the three to tending botanical gardens in his world.

THE LAST EMPEROR... Bernardo Bertolucci mid-fifties has taken off, with four Golden

S. African death toll rises to 40 in Angola

Namihia.

JOHANNESBURG (R) — The official South African death toll has risen to 40 since its latest intervention in the Angolan civil war, amid hints from Havana that Cuba is considering withdrawing its forces.

Pretoria announced on Sunday that two more soldiers had been killed in southeastern Angola, where heavy fighting has raged around the government base of Cuito Cuanavale,

South African planes and longrange artillery have been supporting pro-western UNITA rebels against Marxist Angola's Cuhanbacked army in some of the big-gest battles of a 12-year-old civil

Pursuing its usual tight-lipped policy, defence headquarters gave no details of the deaths except that the two men had been killed last Thursday by "indirect

South Africa moved thousands of men into Angola last October to belp UNITA, the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola, turn back

government offensive. Pretoria cites the presence of the misunderstanding was not inan estimated 40,000 Cubans in surmountable.

aircraft executive and his three-

man crew flying a corporate jet

set a new eastbound around-the-

world speed record Saturday,

breaking the mark set last month

The plane's pilot, Allen Paul-son, already holds the westbound

The 19-seat Gulfstream IV jet, duhbed "pursuit of perfection," landed at Houston's Hobby Air-

port at 8:27 p.m. to finish the trip in 36 hours 8 minutes.

The old record, set last month

Both vulnerable. South deals,

by a charity benefit flight.

trans-global record.

U.S. jet executive breaks

around-the-world record

HOUSTON (R) - An American chairman and chief executive

Jet crashes

MOSCOW (AP) - An Aeroflot passenger plane on a 2,600-km flight across the western Soviet Union crashed and burned early Saturday while landing at its final stop in Siberia, killing some passengers and injuring others, TASS said.

the misunderstanding that exists," he said in an interview on U.S. television. The United States announced this month that the principle of a Cuban pullout had been accepted at talks between Angolan, U.S. and Cuban officials in the Ango-

The crash occurred shortly after 4 a.m. Moscow time (0100 South Africa voiced scepticism over the apparent breakthrough. GMT), TASS said: Foreign Minister Pik Botha said

Yun Evremov, as saying. TASS said 15 emergency service vehicles were sent to the

were also brought in from the regional centre of Tyumen, and local doctors and blood donors mobilised, TASS said.

and Tyumen, a Siberian oil city, before a final scheduled landing in Surgut, a city of more than

in Siberia

of regional boundaries gave Kremlin leader Mikhail Gortelephone that the streets were

The Soviet news agency quoted a local aviation official as saying the Tupoley-134 "fell onto the airfield, broke apart and hurned" while landing at the city of Surgut, an oil and petrochemical centre on the Ob river about 2,000 kilometres east of Moscow. "Unfortunately, there were

victims," TASS said.
It said the TU-134 was carrying 45 passengers and six crewmembers, but did not specify bow many people were killed and injured in the crash, the third reported in the Soviet Union this

Within two minutes, fire engines and rescue vehicles were at the crash site giving first aid to the injured, TASS quoted the local deputy chief of civil avia-

Surgut airport to evacuate victims, and that they were taken to two hospitals that had been prepared to receive them. Eight experienced doctors

TASS said the flight originated in the Byelorussian capital of Minsk, with stops in the Volga basin industrial city of Kuibyshev

week to demand the return to Soviet Armenia of Nagorno-Karahakh, a predominantly-Armenian region administered since 1923 by the neighbouring

bachev a month's grace to deal

Residents of the republic's

capital, Yerevan, told Reuters by

quiet. Moscow Radio said Satur-day that leaders of the protests

had suspended their mass demon-

Hundreds of thousands of peo-

ple demonstrated in Yerevan last

with their grievances.

strations for a month.

Republic of Azerbaijan. Two Armenian envoys who outlined the protesters' grievances to Gorbachev said on television in Armenia Saturday even-ing that the Soviet leader was standing christian tradition.

studying the call to return the disputed region to Armenian con-MOSCOW (R) — Calm returned to the southern Republic of Armenia Sunday as leaders of protests calling for the redrawing

Calm returns to Armenia

Yerevan residents said poet Silva Kaputikyan and writer Zori Balayan told viewers they had spent more than an hour explaining to Gorbachev the history of Nagomo-Karabakh and why Armenians were making claims

Kaputikyan said that this is an old problem and now Armenians are speaking openly because of the atmosphere of glasnost," one resident said. Glasnost is the Kremlin's policy of openness ab-

out the country's problems. Gorhachev promised the Armenian representatives, the problem would he "instly solved," the residents said.

The Kremlin leader appealed Friday for calm in Armenia and in Nagorno-Karabakh. About three-quarters of Nagomo-Karabakh's residents

under the jurisdiction of Azerbaijan, a republic with a predominantly Muslim culture.

The Soviet Union's first deputy prosecutor, who was among Kremlin officials sent to the region, denied that any Armenians, had died in clashes in Nagorno-Karahakh,

Prosecutor Alexander Katrusev made the denial in an interview published in the Feb. 26 issue of the Armenian communist party daily Kommunist, which reached Moscow Sunday.

"There was a rumour about the murder of 60 people of Armenian nationality, but the fact is that no one of Armenian nationality was a victim of murder," Katusev was quoted as saying.

A Kremlin envoy sent to Yerevan, junior Politburo member Vladimir Dolgikh, said Thursday that there had been "victims" in clashes between Armenians and Azerbaijanis in Nagorno-Karabakh, but did not elaborate.

Noriega de facto ruler in Panama

By Bernd Debusmann

PANAMA CITY — Panama's latest political crisis has highlighted the weakness of domestic opposition to General Manuel Antonio Noriega and diplomats here say he is unlikely to be forced from power soon.

Noriega faced an unprecedented constitutional challenge to his de facto rule Thursday when the country's figurehead civilian president, Eric Arturo Delvalle, announced he had decided to dismiss the general as

head of the armed forces. Within hours, Panama's parliament met in emergency session and fired Delvalle instead, saying United States. The cabinet named a new pres-

ident, Education Minister Manuel Solis Palma, and commanders of the 16,000-strong armed forces declared their solidarity with "Noriega made very astute

moves," said a European amhassador. "He had apparently expected a manoeuvre to get him out, he was prepared for it, and he came out on top.'

After saying he still considered himself Panama's legal president, Delvalle eluded a tight military guard round his home, climbed over a fence and went into hiding.

In Washington, the Reagan administration declared it still-recognised Delvalle. But diplomats here thought he had virtualthe presidency.
"Delvalle has no power base

and little credibility as an opposition figure," said a Latin envoy.
While he served as nominal president, Delvalle showed no sympatby for the civic crusade, an anti-Noriega movement which last year sought to hasten the end of military rule by organising demonstrations of mostly middleclass Panamanians who waved

white handkerchiefs at the guns. Last year, Delvalle repeatedly attempted to ban anti-Noriega demonstrations, hranding them subversive attempts to undermine

the government. The crusade ran out of momentum when the government responded with force, using teargas and shotguns against demonstrators who had no taste for vio-

30 whales beached on U.S. coast

COLUMNS 768

MEXICO CITY (AP) - Thirty pilot whales beached and died on gulf of California coastline in what appeared to be a natural phenomenon, a government biologist said Saturday. "They are whales that normally beach in large groups," said Luis Fleischer. director of the Fishing Department's Natural Marine Research and Conservation Programme, in a telephone interview from Baja California. He said the 26 male and four female whales beached about five days ago on a five-kilometre stretch of coast in northern Baja California, between Bahia de Los Angeles and Bahia de San Francisquito. "The cause is not known," he said, adding research would be done to determine if weather conditions or other factors were responsible. "They all are dead now and in an advanced state of decomposition."

Pandas' bamboo crisis improving

BELIING (AP) — China's giant Pandas, which have faced extinction since 1983 from withering supplies of bamboo, their dietary staple, have survived the worst of the crisis, an expert said. Forestry Minister Gao Dezhan said new bamboo have started to grow in Sichuan, Shaanxi and Gansu provinces. where more than 250,000 metric tons of bamboo have flowered and withered since 1983, the official People's Daily (Renmin Ribao) reported Saturday. However, he cautioned that the threat to the Pandas' survival was not over, pointing out that the animals do not care for young bamboo. Gao called on the leaders of the three provinces, who were attending a meeting in Beijing Friday on China's most beloved animal, to continue to guard the Pandas' safety. The giant Panda is native only to the three provinces in central and southwestern China and rarely breeds in captivity. China's Panda population, now just under 1,000, has been declining for the past five years because a rare flowering cycle of the arrow bamboo caused large amounts of the plants to whither and die. At least \$2 million in donations from around the world have been sent to China through the world wildlife fund to save the dying Panda.

Morocco rockslide kills 25

FEZ, Morocco (AP) — Heavy rains caused a rockslide Saturday that killed at least 25 people in a squatters' camp, and rescue workers were searching through tons of mud and rock for more victims. A week of rains loosened the mud and rock walls hanging over the camp and caused them to fall before dawn. The camp is in an old quarry outside Fez, which is about 200 kms east of the capital, Rabat, Police said 21 bodies were recovered early Saturday and another four were found in the afternoon. At least six people were hospitalised with serious injuries, they said. Several hundred inhabitants of the squatters' camp were evacuated to emergency centres around the city.

Exploding snail burns woman

SYRACUSE, New York (AP) — A woman celebrating her birthday was burned and temporarily blinded by a snail that exploded on her plate at a city restaurant, police said Saturday. Karen J. Prouty, 36, of North Syracuse, was about to take her second bite of a hubbling order of escargot Friday night when one of the snails exploded, burning her around her right eye, police said. She couldn't see for about 90 minutes afterward. "I just immediately broke down crying," Prouty said Saturday. She was treated at University Hospital in Syracuse and released Friday night. The dinner at Pascale's Wine Bar and Restaurant was a birthday surprise arranged by her husband and sister, Prouty said. The restaurant's owner, Charles Pascale, assured her he would pay for any medical expenses and for damage to her white linen dress, Prouty said. He also offered her a free dinner. Pascale told police the snail probably was blown apart by the pressure of steam be very hesitant to order it again," Prouty said.

Italian porn star leaves after arrest

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) — Italian porn star and Memher of Parliament Illona Staller better known as Cicciolina, decided to leave Belgium after being arrested for 16 hours for indecent exposure. "I leave free but disappointed," she was quoted as saying by an organiser of her Brussels show. The nude performer was arrested at the end of her first night club appearance in Brussels early Saturday after leaving the stage and overstepping the bounds of decency, according to Belgian standards, a police spokesman said, adding that she had been warned. She spent the rest of the night and the day at Brussels police headquarters and was released around 6 p.m. She was elected to the Italian parliament last year as representative for the radical party. Marco Pannella, former chairman of the party, said in a press release here that she would not have been in trouble if she had not been a member of the Italian parliament. Pannella said her arrest was "obscene, not her show which I did not see and in which I am not interested." He added he would protest against laws and regulations "which hurt common sense and human rights."

Malaysian doctor claims wife no. 80

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — An 84-year-old Malaysian witch doctor specialising in love charms married this month for the 80th time. Pak Awang told the daily Malay Mail that love and marriage were in the hands of God. Pak Awang, who said he had lost touch with many of bis innumerable offspring, added that most of his marriages ended in divorce although some of his wives had died. The witch doctor has done his bit for racial integration in the multi-racial South-East Asian Nation, having married Malays, Chinese, Indians and Pakistanis. Wife no. 80, 39-year-old Puan Mariam Bahaman, told the Malay Mail she was "a one-man woman and hoped to keep it that way."

Man inherits village from relative

SOUTHWICK, England (AP) — A 52-year-old surveyor has inherited 30 farms and the entire village of Southwick including two pubs, two churches, a post office and 67 houses from a distant relative he hardly knew. Robin Thistlethwayte said he was astonished when he was told that Eva Borthwick-Norton, who died last week at the age of 96, had left him her 7,500-acre estate in Hampshire, about 60 miles southwest of London near England's south coast. "Although I had only met her a handful of times I think she must have felt I was the best person to leave it to." Thistlethwayte was quoted as saying in Friday's Times of London. "I have a lot of experience in running agricultural estates with traditional standards of farming and I intend to continue with the traditions as far as is possible in the 20th century," he said, The estate had been in the Thistlethwayte family for 250 years until Lt.-Col. Evelyn Thistlethwayte left it to his nephew, Hugh Borthwick, in 1943. Following his death in 1950, his widow took over its management.

China smashes grave robbing gang

PEKING (R) — Police in northern China arrested 11 people for robbing a 2,700-year-old tomb of priceless artefacts, the Workers Daily newspaper said Friday. The gang broke into a tomb archaeologists were excavating in Pingdingshan, Henan province, the paper said. Police recovered 234 bronze urns, statues and funeral objects as well as 70,000 yuan (\$19,000). Antique smuggling has become a serious problem for China. Most artefacts are sold to dealers in the Portuguese-run territory of Macao or British-run Hong Kong.

150,000 people located in western his move violated the constitution and had been inspired by the ly no hope of being restored to

old pilot said, referring to the "redline" maximum speed sought for the record. The jet averaged 636 miles per hour (1,025 kph), according to Everett Langworthy, an official with the U.S. National Aero-PARIS (Agencies) — French President Francois Mitterrand's reducing their number. by an American Boeing 747-SP nautical Association who accompanied Paulson for verification 54 minutes, said Paulson, who is purposes.

> mit this week in Brussels. His stand, in contrast to the **GOREN BRIDGE** United States, Britain and even

> > Insh Prime Minister Charles Haughey that he was "was not in favour" of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation modernising

> > Енгоре. range nuclear weapons, most of which are based in West Ger-

The issue is expected to be one of several disarmament topics discussed when NATO's 16 leaders Thursday.

The summit will not take any decisions on short-range weapons and NATO diplomats say the allies have already agreed to skirt around the modernisation issue in deference to widespread opposi-

Bonn has expressed misgivings about upgrading the weapons, which have a range of up to 500

reducing their number. Analysts said Mitterrand's de-

cision to speak out before the summit may be motivated by France's two-round presidential election, scheduled for April 24 Mitterrand will announce after

the summit whether he intends to stand for another term. Conservative Prime Minister Jacques Chirac, who will also attend the Brussels summit, is among the declared candidates.

'Risking popularity'

Diplomats said, however, that Mitterrand would risk his current high standing in public opinion polls if he pressed the issue in Brussels. Other NATO members oppose

talks on short-range weapons with the Soviet Union pending reductions in conventional arms, in which they say the Soviet Union holds a considerable advantage.

Chirac, in an interview published Friday in the magazine l'Express, said removing shortterm missiles would be a disaster for Europe.

He sought to play down the importance of the Brussels summit, saying it was an opportunity to display unity within NATO ranks before a new superpower summit later in the year.

France pulled out of NATO's integrated military structure in 1966 and has since pursued its own defence programme, based on an independent nuclear strike

the disarmament process rolling rather than letting NATO leaders gloss over controversial subjects. "He seems to be saying that at

join NATO leaders at the summit With the exception of an opening statement the first day and

closing remarks Thursday, all of

leaders try to highlight areas of agreement. Reagan spoke hopefully of the outcome Saturday, telling a national radio audience in his weekly address that he wants to assure NATO allies that "America is ready and willing to stand with them to keep the peace with

these past 40 years." A senior White House official.

alliance is strong and that everybody is working together and moving together basically in the same direction." "Nobody's going in there look-ing for confrontation," the offi-

cial added. Countering public relations

The meeting offers a chance to review how to deal with the chal-lenge to NATO by Gorbachev's public relations offensive to give him the image of a champion of peace and disarmament. The problem of the Warsaw

Pact's overwhelming superiority in conventional military forces will have a "very central place" in the talks and be the subject of "a lot of time," said one official, speaking at a White House briefing on condition of being identified only as a senior administration official.

However, it was understood there was difficulty in producing a hoped-for statement on conventional weapons because of disagreement about what should go

Sensitive questions on the pace of modernising battlefield nuclear weapons in Europe will be looked at only broadly, the official said, with nuts-and-bolts discussions left for meetings of defence ministers and foreign ministers. Likewise, the official said "it

would be a perilous way to go" to have the leaders tackle differences over U.S. bases in Spain, Greece and Portugal. Instead, those problems will be left to negotiators who have been working on the issue.

Q7652 want to risk losing a possible heart 4 KJ 10 6 4 EAST WEST • 63 A K J 983 · 9853 4 Q 7 SOUTH

◆ A Q J 10 8 2 A 7 4 2 The bidding: South West North East 1 🏚 1 NT Pass Pass 2 **4** 4 **4** Pass Pass

Opening lead: Ten of The rubber bridge player usually doesn't give a tinker's hoot about overtricks. If he makes a couple, all well and good; but the contract's the thing. On the other hand, to the duplicate (ital) aficionado (end ital) overtricks can be all-important. That gives elever defenders the opportunity to exploit declarer's

This hand is from the Life Master Pairs event at a recent North American championsbip. North's one no

THE LURE OF OVERTRICKS trump response was forcing. Note South's decision to bid his weak four-card heart suit in preference to a jump rebid of spades he did not

> West led his singleton in his partner's suit. Sitting East was Tom Snow, business manager of New York's prestigious Cavendish Club. He won the jack of diamonds and smoothly shifted to his low club! Declarer took his ace, cashed the

ace of hearts and ruffed a heart. Since a crossruff would have promoted West's nine, declarer drew trumps and he could then have claimed 10 tricks, conceding two heart tricks to the opponents. But East's shift to a club at trick two had all the earmarks of a singleton and, after all, this was duplicate. With the help of the "marked" finesse for the queen of clubs, at least one overtrick seemed there for the taking. So declarer led a club to the jack, and a satisfied East took his queen and shifted to a heart for a

At the other tables East continued with a diamond at trick two. Declarer ruffed high, trumped a heart on the board, drew trumps and continued with the ace-king of clubs to earn an unexpected bonus of two

one-trick set.

Mitterrand's stand could split NATO

unwillingness to back a NATO call to modernise short-range nuclear weapons in Europe could disrupt unity at an alliance sum-

his own government, could also have repercussions on the forthcoming presidential election in which he is widely expected to be a candidate. The French president said during talks in Dublin last week with

nuclear missiles in Western Political commentators and disarmament experts said he was referring to discussions on implementing a 1983 NATO programme to modernise its short-

meet in Brussels Wednesday and

tion in West Germany. kilometres, and has called for

The French daily Le Monde said Saturday Mitterrand's move appeared to be aimed at keeping

a time when there appears to be a real willingness on the superpowers' parts to advance the disarmament process, it is a had moment to start talking about modernising nuclear arms," it said. President Ronald Reagan will

designed to cement the solidarity of the 16-nation alliance and strengthen his hand for armscontrol bargaining with Soviet leader Mikhail S. Gorbachev.

the sessions will be in private. Thorny problems on basing rights for U.S. military forces as well as West German reluctance about modernising short-range nuclear weapons are expected to remain on the shelf as NATO

freedom that we have gained together through the alliance

speaking on condition of anonymity, said: "Anything that comes out ought to show that the